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COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

NUMBER 4645. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5, 1891. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

FOR NEWS
Read the pioneer paper of [illegible]. This is The Gazette. It gives the latest news of the day, from two telegraph reports.

TO MARTIAL MUSIC.

The Twenty-fifth G. A. R. Annual Parade.

THOUSANDS WERE IN LINE.

Incidents of the Day. How the Veterans Marched. Colorado Was There. Who Will be Chief? The Color Line.

DETROIT, Aug. 4.—This is a day which will be long remembered by the grizzled members of the Grand Army of the Republic as the opening day of the Twenty-fifth annual encampment. It marks a quarter of a century in the growth of the organization, and every soldier realizes that it must also mark the area in the prosperity of that great order, which year by year has enveloped in its fraternal fold every state of the great union from Maine to Texas and from Florida to Washington. If sentiment and sympathy and love could control the destiny of the G. A. R., it would live for ever, but the inexorable logic of statistics sounds a warning to every veteran that in time the last surviving post must be "mustered out," and the G. A. R. be known no more, save to the memory of the grateful nation it defended and preserved.

DEATH'S VICTORIES.

Every reunion impresses upon the surviving veterans the fact that the period in their lives is finally reached when the death rate, like arithmetical progression, increases, year by year, until now the eternal messenger decimates their numbers in more deadly ratio than did all the battles of the war. It has therefore been the desire of all the prominent leaders of the organization that the twenty-fifth encampment should be the most successful in the history of the G. A. R., and the parade, too, the most magnificent the order has ever known.

Certain it is the multitudes which are assembled in Detroit to-day are larger than the City of the Straits has ever greeted before, and in the magnificence of pageantry and the beauty of decorations to-day's parade is without precedent in the years that have gone.

THE GRAND PARADE.

As the tried and trusty soldiers of '61 were eager for the battle, so the veterans of '91 were eager for the grand parade which was to recall so many reminiscences of former days. Before the morning sun had kissed the spangled arches and emblazoned in glory the golden decorations that marked the line of march, the Grand Army bands were abroad, and the measured tread of the veterans preparing for the march sounded the streets.

ON THE LINE OF MARCH.

Promptly at the hour indicated and with military precision that showed the volunteer soldiers had forgotten none of their early training, the posts assembled on the line of march. Four magnificent arches, erected by the citizens in different parts of the city, marked the line of march. Slowly and majestically in measured tread to martial music the procession started from Woodard and [illegible] avenues with Commander-in-chief Veasey and his staff in the lead until the reviewing stand was reached.

WISCONSIN'S WAR EAGLE.

As each division passed beneath the triumphal arches, little girls, appropriately decked in the national colors, showered the veterans with bouquets. [illegible] enthusiasm which greeted the Second Wisconsin division of 700 strong was unbounded. In the front rank and high in the air on the top of a flagstaff was perched "Old Abe," the stuffed eagle that became a part of Wisconsin's history for a quarter of a century ago. Cheer after cheer arose from the multitude but the tribute was to the war bird and not to the brave boys of the Badger state. Many a civilian could only divine the cause of all this enthusiasm, but to probably every G. A. R. man in line to-day the strange history of that bird is a fireside story to his children. In 1861, when the Eighth Wisconsin regiment entered the war, a tame eagle, captured in the Wisconsin woods, accompanied the regiment south, taught to perch upon a staff, it was allotted a color bearer, and in a few months the bird became the emblem of the regiment with a strange devotion that so partook of the mysterious as to engender superstition in many minds, the eagle clung to his regiment with unwavering loyalty. Amid the war of cannon and the shriek of battle, the [illegible] of the Eighth Wisconsin maintained his perch, except only at times to soar briefly above the heads of the [illegible] boys he led, shrieking shrill defiance at the enemy and then to return to his perch. No ball ever attained "Old Abe," as he was christened, and in many bloody [illegible] soldiers of the Eighth seemed to [illegible] the good fortune of the noble bird. In '65, "Old Abe" was [illegible] red out with the Eighth, and thenceforth made his home as a privileged bird in the [illegible] park at Madison, he survived the war twelve years, and at his death his funeral was conducted with military honors, but he was never buried. A skillful taxidermist perpetuated the form and shape of the glorious bird, and the Eighth regiment still bears "Old Abe" in the front rank.

LEADERS OF THE LINE.

In line with the Wisconsin boys were Gen. Lucius Fairchild, ex-governor of the state, and ex-commander-in-chief. Department commander W. H. Upham was in command, and the Post-department-commander, Colonel Bryant and Colonel Griffin, who was brevetted brigadier-general at the close of the war for gallantry, were among the familiar figures that tramped to the music.

THE PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.

The Pennsylvania division came next, 1500 strong, marching in good order to sprightly music furnished by the post bands. Department-commander Boyer rode at their head with Adjutant Towne and Quartermaster-general Abraham Lovering, followed by the aides. Pittsburg posts led the delegation.

AN ARMY FROM OHIO.

The Ohio delegation was a vast army of itself. No less than 1500 veterans tramped to the music of the bands and beside Department-commander Warner marched Gen. S. H. Hurst, Ohio's candidate for commander in chief. A conspicuous figure was Gen. Manning F. Force, who enlisted, as a major in the Twentieth regiment and was made a full major general a year before the close of the war. Col. A. L. Conger, Gen. S. H. Dowling and Gen. R. B. Brown were among the post department commanders in line.

NEW YORK'S DELEGATION.

New York, 2,500 strong, came next, and was the recipient of an enthusiastic greeting. They were headed by Department-commander C. H. Freeman, Adjutant general W. W. Bennett and Quarter-master-general V. E. Penfield. William Van Keuren, an octogenarian member of the post and veteran of the Mexican and Civil wars, was dressed [illegible] of the patriotic red, white and [illegible]. Then came a score of battle flags, [illegible] shot through in shreds and tattered, [illegible] carried aloft by their bearers, [illegible] a very interesting display, [illegible] from all the regiments of [illegible] New York, and comprising colors that waved on every important field during the war.

MICHIGAN [illegible].

Of course, Michigan, with its [illegible] veterans, received the ovation of the day. The division was officered by Department commander C. L. Fatt, Adjutant-general North and Quartermaster-general Sly [illegible].

COLORADO WAS [illegible].

Following in their order were the divisions of Colorado, Wyoming, [illegible], Delaware, Minnesota, Missouri, Oregon, W[illegible] Virginia, South Dakota, [illegible], Arkansas, Montana, Texas, Idaho and Alabama. The Naval Veterans and the Sons of Veterans, 5,000 strong, brought up the rear and closed the parade.

The department of Colorado and Wyoming was headed by a zouave drum corps. The department had about 100 men in line, officered by Department-commander Cook, Adjutant-general Trounstein and Quartermaster-general McLanathan. Four hundred veterans of Kansas, led by Department commander Timothy McCarthy represented the Grasshopper state, and each carried upon his breast the Kansas G. A. R. pin bearing the figure of those destructive little insects.

AN EX-PRESIDENT.

The spectacle of an ex-president of the United States marching in the ranks was so unusual that an immense ovation tendered ex President Hayes to-day was hardly a surprise. The cheers which swept along the line of march like a huge but slowly rising tidal wave was every indication of the presence of the distinguished ex-president. Mr. Hayes was recognized by all as he marched with his post from Fremont, Ohio. Down Griswold and near the intersection of Congress street he kissed several little girls who ran out to meet him. The old gentleman carried a palm leaf fan and appeared to enjoy the occasion quite as much as his comrades of the post.

UNCLE SAM AND THE CONTINENTALS.

As the New York veterans swept around the corners with a splendid drum corps and their armed guards with gleaming bayonets, their appearance was always the signal for a cheer. But the Continentals with cocked hats and regimentals, led by Uncle Sam himself, took the crowd, who cheered themselves hoarse. This unique band, with its old looking drummers, led the three solid platoons bearing the old colors of New York. The war scream of the bagpipes of the Twenty-ninth New York, playing "The Campbells are Coming," was heard from all points. The post wore Glengarrys and carried two shattered regimental flags.

AT THE RECEIVING STAND.

For six hours under a bright sun 40,000 veterans tramped sturdily over the line of march, and such was the inspiration of the moment that even the feeblest of the maimed and crippled comrades found [illegible] adequate to the ordeal of the five miles march. The firing of a salute from the United States steamship Michigan in the harbor announced to the waiting veterans at 10.30 that the command to move had been given by the commander-in-chief. When General Veasey appeared before the reviewing stand the vast concourse of people clustered about the campus, cheered themselves hoarse. The general reined up his charger, however, and passed. General Alger and the Detroit Post, his escort, passed by him and drew up before the reviewing stand fronting it with canes at a charge. General Veasey looked on with a gratified smile, then lifting his hat gracefully from his brow, he allowed his horse to pass with slow steps before them. As he passed the reviewing stand every occupant arose to his feet. Foremost was the giant Indian fighter, General Miles of the regular army, who had been leaning over, bare-headed with his white-gloved hands knitted above his sword-hilt. General Veasey reached the end of the stand, and the Detroit veterans unfurled their flag, scores of hands struck up a lively air and the crowd cheered once more. General Veasey then rode to the stand and dismounting entered his box in front. The Detroit post passed by and the parade continued toward the massive war arch. Beside the staff of the commander in chief there were on the reviewing stand, Secretary-of-war Proctor, Secretary of the navy Tracy, General Miles, Assistant-secretary-of-the-interior B[illegible], two or three governors and a half-dozen [illegible] commanders in chief.

A PLEASANT INCIDENT.

The day was marked with many pleasant incidents but none attracted more admiration than the spectacle of an ex-president of the United States honoring the commander-in-chief of the G. A. R. Ex-President Hayes accompanied by J. F. J. Hecker, and the committee that purchased the $1000 diamond G. A. R. badge for Colonel Veasey called at the national department headquarters to make the presentation. The ceremony took place in the large parlor of the hotel where General Veasey stood with his wife surrounded by his entire staff.

EX-PRESIDENT HAYES' SPEECH.

"Commander-in-chief Veasey," said ex-President Hayes, "the comrades who with me have been honored with places on your staff, have assigned to me the agreeable duty of presenting to you this badge. They ask you to accept it as a token of the esteem, admiration and affection you are held by ourselves and by the members of the Grand Army of the Republic. It will, we trust, bring pleasant joy to you and your family. It will remind them, and you of the honor you bore in the event of this age, the raised war for union and liberty. [Applause.] Our hope is that this simple gift will remind you pleasantly of the events and scenes and comradeship of the great conflict; that it will recall the famous day of Gettysburg, the day of your opportunity, of your honorable scar, and of your signal triumph.

"It will also, we hope, be to you a wellspring of gratifying meditations upon the future. In after times, those who bear your name and share your blood will rejoice as they look upon this emblem, their prized family heirloom, and be filled with gratitude that providence allotted to them the inspiring privilege of tracing their origin to a man who in his young manhood was a splendid figure in the decisive battle of the divine war and who stood steadfastly and bravely by Abraham Lincoln from its beginning to its end. [Applause.] Our wishes and our prayers are that your life may be long and happy in the land which in the day of its deadly peril you did your part to save." [Applause.]

General Veasey replied briefly, thanking the donors for their good wishes and graceful compliments.

THE EVENING PROGRAMME.

This evening at 8 o'clock a reception will be tendered to the commander-in-chief by the Grand Army of the Republic, the Women's Relief corps and the Sons of Veterans at the Detroit rink. At 9 p. m. Camp Sheridan will tender a reception to the commander-in-chief.

A SERIOUS MATTER.

There is one serious dispute which threatens to mar the serenity of the silver encampment of the G. A. R. It is peculiar that after the organization has been in existence a quarter of a century it should be threatened with disruption by the ever-living "color question," but such is the fact. The men in the southern states who were loyal to the union in the dark days of '61, are the ones who insist that the negro has no place in the social gatherings of the G. A. R. Col. George L. Hedges, commander of the department of Louisiana and Mississippi, is quartered at the Biddle house, together with several trusty aids, who have come prepared to fight the matter out.

A WHITE MAN'S VIEW.

"Unless the thing is straightened out during this encampment," he said to-day, "there won't be a white member of the G. A. R. south of the Ohio or Potomac a year hence. They are outnumbering us in the posts, thus putting us directly under them. That we will not stand. Now we want to rule ourselves and have the colored people go by themselves. Seven out of ten of the colored posts of New Orleans are in favor of it, but as you know there are always some kickers, and I understand a delegation from the colored posts are coming to fight us. We have received information that two of Chicago's most influential colored men are on their way [illegible] us, and we think we will [illegible] in our point. All we ask for is a provisional department [illegible] embracing Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi and Texas."

A dozen or more southern white men expressed themselves in a similar strain.

ALMOST THE COLOR LINE.

There are two sides to the colored question [illegible] Col. James Lewis, (colored), administrator of public [illegible] of public works of New Orleans, in the [illegible] of [illegible] ...

"Did you ever know a time when there was no trouble in Louisiana. It was a Louisiana man that fired the [illegible] on Ft. Sumpter. It was a Louisiana [illegible] that beat General Beauregard for administrator of public works and I am the [illegible] and I did something the [illegible] do. The first colored regiment was raised in Louisiana. Louisiana was the first state to [illegible]. [illegible] Hayes. The Italian riot was in Louisiana and now the colored trouble is springing there. Louisiana is always in trouble. Well, there were 23,000 colored men enlisted in the army from Louisiana, more than from all other states together. We were regularly enlisted, we fought as history tells you and then we were honorably discharged. With these things to our credit we had all the rights of any [illegible] to form G. A. R. posts. We did this, and we were recognized by Colonel Vogle when a fight [illegible] on us. We have nine posts with a membership of over 800 yet we are not recognized by the commander of our department. We get no representation in the convention and are ordered to report to the commander in chief. We have [illegible] the [illegible] on the first list and all I ask is twenty-five minutes in which to represent it to the committee or the convention itself. The department commander thinks we want social recognition. I claim the order is not a social one but a historic and fraternal one."

THE NEXT ENCAMPMENT.

The next national encampment will be held at Washington. The justice of this assertion may not be conceded by the partisans of Lincoln, but the logic of the situation fully justifies this statement. Diligent inquiry at the various department headquarters indicates that when the roll of states is called on the location of the next encampment Washington will get the prize by a vote of nearly two to one.

THE NEW COMMANDER.

The various candidates for commander-in-chief are pressing their claims with increased energy to-night and the contest is by no means over. Charles P. Lincoln of Washington, D. C., assistant commissioner of pensions, has withdrawn from the race. As it stands to-night the choice of commander-in-chief is between Weissert of Wisconsin, Smedburg of California, Hirst of Ohio, and Hedges of New York. Weissert's candidacy is the only one that is sharply defined as to states. The west with the exception of the Pacific coast is practically solid for this candidate and while it must be borne in mind that the states of west of the Mississippi have two-thirds of the vote, inroads have been made in that quarter. The situation is complicated to-night by the sudden extravagant claims of Ohio for Hurst and a rumor that Illinois may decide to present the name of ex-Gov. Richard J. Oglesby for commander in chief.

Wild Life in Louisiana.

ST. LOUIS, August 4.—A dispatch from Orange, Tex., says: Mr. Belder Sanders, who has just returned from Lake Charles, La., confirms the report of a riot at Lock, Moore & Co's. train. The last account he heard was from a wounded man who left the scene at 4 o'clock yesterday, who stated that fourteen men were killed and two more missing. It was a free-for-all fight between the negroes and the whites. Mr. Sanders stated that many different reports were being circulated and nothing more authentic could be learned. Officers and physicians have gone to the bloody scene.

It is rumored later that the physicians were waylaid and killed.

FURTHER DETAILS.

Further details of the battle on the Lock, Moore & Company's train are that on Sunday morning a party of "Red Bones," a mob of mixed whites, negroes and Indians, about twenty-five in number, went to the store and announced that they would drive away Hooker Morris, manager of the log camp, in revenge for an insult offered two of the party. They were well armed and led by Jesse Dyson, a well known and desperate character. The white men, who had gathered about the same strength, were led by Jesse Ward. In the battle which ensued Ward killed Jesse Dyson and was at once killed from behind, when the fight became general. List of killed: Jesse Ward white, T. T. Swan white, Jesse Dyson, Lee Perkins, Andrew Ashworth, Owen Ashworth, Marion Markles. Wounded: Dupree Lacomb, keeper of the store and saloon, and his son shot through the leg. Lacomb's wife ran into the woods with her children and escaped injury. A complete list of the wounded cannot be obtained but about twenty are known to have been hurt. Sunday afternoon thirty "Red Bones" came to the camp after the bodies of the dead and dispersed the officers who were at the scene and who under threats are organizing a strong force to storm the strongholds of the desperadoes.

Will Fight With Peffer.

KANSAS CITY, August 4.—The Star's Topeka, Kan., special says: A letter from Harrison Kelly, ex-congressman from this district in which he renounces the Republican party and declares that in the future he will be found fighting with Peffer, Polk and Simpson has created more talk in political circles than any event of the kind in the past four months. Mr. Kelly's letter was in response to a communication from Major Hudson, editor of the Topeka Capital, requesting him to deny a statement published in a People's party paper concerning his political faith. Mr. Kelly says he has turned to the new party, the People's party, as the best medium through which to accomplish the reforms demanded by the people. Favoring their measures and believing their enactment would result in great benefit to the people and both of the old parties having rejected them, he thinks the logical thing to do is to support the party that favors them.

The Strike at Omaha.

OMAHA, August 4.—There is no change to-day in the strike situation. The men who are out are holding meetings in various parts of the city. Mayor Cushing at noon issued a proclamation commanding all persons to desist from assembling or congregating together in numbers about any of the business establishments of the city for the purpose of enforcing the eight hour law, by any show of violence or force and calling upon all law-abiding citizens to assist in maintaining peace and good order.

The Utah Election.

SALT LAKE CITY, August 4.—The Liberals carry this city by 900 majority, electing full legislative and county ticket.

Full returns show the Liberals have 12 members of the legislature, one-third of the whole, a large gain over the number in any previous legislature. The Liberals elect three members of the councils and six of the house in the city by a plurality of 1100. The Liberals also elect a city solicitor and three selectmen and the county superintendent by a plurality of from [illegible] to [illegible].

A Democratic Victory.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 4.—The municipal election here resulted in a sweeping victory for the Democrats. Last year the Republicans had six and the Democrats three aldermen. This year the entire board will be composed of Democrats. J. J. Larken, the Democratic candidate for mayor, was elected by a majority of 91 over Thomas Marvin, his Republican opponent. Mayor Larken's majority is the largest ever given a candidate for mayor in this city.

[illegible] to Crops.

MINNEAPOLIS, August 4.—Specials received from North Dakota and Minnesota report much damage done to growing crops by hail storms. The wheat crop in portions of Minnesota is entirely destroyed. Near Devil's Lake, N. D., [illegible] acres of wheat ruined, [illegible] going to [illegible] ... [illegible] entire [illegible]

CHANGING HER MIND.

England's Sudden Friendliness to France.

QUEEN MARIE GETTING BETTER.

It was Queen Charlotte's Insanity that Made her Ill—Prisoners Back in Parliament—Americans in China have Ample Protection.

LONDON, August 4.—The continued Russian and French love feast, with an adventure of Americans and Greeks, is having an effect at last that is appreciable in the tone of the Tory press. The Tory papers used to treat the Franco-Russian events as a subject for ridicule. They said it was impossible that the czar should have any cordial relations with the Republican France, and that France was humbling herself in vain for a glance of recognition from the Muscovite. Upon the kaiser's visit the Times, Standard and other Salisbury organs spoke of European peace as now assured by such a formidable combination that France was unable to move. A tone of contempt was discernable in allusions to France, not only in the papers named, but in remarks by members of the government in the house of commons. But now all is changed. When the news came of the fraternization of Russians and Frenchmen at Cronstadt, the feeling here among supporters of the Salisbury ministry was one of astonishment. Then The Times began to belittle the demonstrations as really having no political meanings. Now comes the Cherbourg affair with Americans and Greeks joining hands with the Russian and Frenchman, and while America is not looked upon as a possible participant in European wars, yet both here and on the continent there is a strong regard for the weight attaching to American sentiment. Hence, now the Tories and the Tory press use a very different tone, plainly showing that they begin to appreciate that France is not friendly and that the triple alliance may not be the most powerful political combination in Europe. From contempt there is now an eager purpose to show honor to France, and the French fleet will receive a welcome that may make the kaiser jealous. Queen Victoria herself will probably do the fleet the honor of a personal visit, and try to prove there is nothing in her reported dislike of French Republican officials, from Carnot down, a dislike which led the queen some time ago to ignore a graceful act of courtesy by Madame Carnot.

The kaiser will call somebody to account on his return for the catastrophe to the German commissary at Rathens. It is approaching in costly destructiveness the recent explosion near Rome and would materially interfere with army exploits in case of war. It appears to not have been sufficiently protected from lightning.

In the house of commons Sir John Gorst, making a statement of the Indian budget, remarked upon the continued extraordinary growth of the Indian surplus, which it was estimated would be in 1892 nearly double the surplus of 1890. This, he said, was mainly due to the alteration of exchange, consequent upon the sudden inflation of the rupee by American legislation. Sir John announced a large decrease in the opium revenue and a steady increase in the land revenue.

Six arrests have been made at Barcelona and three at Barcelona, in connection with the revolutionary attempt on the Barcelona barracks. It is said that twenty conspirators met in a cafe on Saturday and concerted the details of the outbreak.

The National Zeitung states that France and the vatican have entered into a new agreement formed last month, by which France undertakes to help the vatican out of its financial embarrassments.

The Queen is Recovering.

BUCHAREST, Aug 4.—The alarm occasioned by the sudden attack of illness which the queen suffered yesterday is abating. A bulletin issued at 8 o'clock this morning shows there is now scarcely any doubt that her majesty will soon have entirely recovered from her indisposition. Her illness was evidently due to the nervous shock caused upon her by the sight of the unfortunate ex-Empress Charlotte, who, when she was visited by the queen yesterday, was suffering from one of the periodical attacks of violent insanity to which she has been subject to ever since the tragic death of her husband, Emperor Maximilian of Mexico, in 1867. The physicians in attendance upon the queen state that absolute rest is the only medicine necessary to insure her complete recovery.

The Prisoners in Parliament.

LONDON, August 4.—Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien appeared in the house of commons to-day for the first time in many months, their absence having been due to their imprisonment in Galway jail. They were met in the lobby of the house by members of both sections of the Irish parliamentary party and were the recipients of hearty congratulations. Upon entering the house Mr. Dillon took a seat beside Mr. Justin McCarthy, who leads that portion of the Irish party which declines to accept Mr. Parnell as leader.

Foreigners in China not in Danger.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The British consul at Foo Chow telegraphs to the foreign office that there is no truth in the report that riots are imminent there. He says the foreigners in Foo Chow are adequately protected by the Chinese officials and foreign gun boats.

An Eiffel Tower at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug 4.—President Baker, of the World's Columbian directors, to-day received a proposition by cable from Monsieur Eiffel, the architect of the Eiffel tower, for permission to erect a tower on the grounds, the enterprise to be backed by French capital. The cable was brief but set forth that the tower would be superior to the one at the Paris exposition. President Baker cabled in return that he was very glad to receive the proposition and would bring it immediately to the attention of the directors. The prospects are that the proposition will be looked upon most favorably, as there is yet time in which to build it.

The Circulation.

WASHINGTON, August 4.—Statements have been prepared at the treasury department showing the amounts of money in circulation on the first day of July in the years 1885, 1890, and 1891, from which it is apparent that the assertions so often repeated of late that there has been since the war a reduction of the amount of money in circulation, are entirely without foundation. All the statements furnished are made on precisely the same basis. The amount of each kind of money in the country is first stated, from that is deducted the amount in the treasury, and the remainder is given as the amount in circulation. There is nothing omitted from the statement, which should appear [illegible] minor coins (nickels and pennies), and they are left out of all the reports, [illegible] of the difficulty in estimating the amount of them in [illegible]. As the amount at the present time is relatively greater than in the earlier years, their omission will not be unfavorably criticized by those who contend that there is now a scarcity of money.

To [illegible] the facts in a few words, the amount of money in circulation in 1860 was [illegible]; in 1885 [illegible] was $[illegible]. In 1891 there was $[illegible] in circulation [illegible] ... [illegible] $19.09. Twenty [illegible] the circulation [illegible]

tion was over $1,200,000,000 and the per capita was $23.02, while on the first of January last the amount was nearly $1,527,000,000 with $24 10 as the per capita allowance, the highest in the history of the United States. Owing to shipments of gold to foreign countries there has been a decline since January 1, 1891, not only in the per capita amount, but in the total also, but the total circulation on the first instant, notwithstanding the outflow of gold, was about $1,500,000,000 and the amount per capita was $23.6[illegible].

HUNTING LOST MONEY.

Mr. Lacey, comptroller of the currency, has granted the request of the governor of Pennsylvania that he be allowed to appoint a committee to examine the books of the Keystone bank in order to ascertain where the deposits of the state have gone, that suits may be brought to recover them.

BASE BALL.

Western Association.

MINNEAPOLIS-DENVER.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 4.—The Minneapolis-Denver game was postponed on account of wet grounds.

DULUTH-OMAHA.

DULUTH, August 4. Duluth rubbed it into the visitors from Omaha in great shape to-day. Coleman pitched for Omaha and the ex-Apostles pounded him for 20 safe singles and a total of 29 bases, netting 11 earned runs. Hart pitched for the home team and though hit quite hard, did excellent work in the box and with the stick. One of the features was McMahon's work when at bat for Duluth. He knocked out two singles, a two-bagger and a home run, and would have had another two-bagger but for the quickness of Omaha's new second baseman. Score: Duluth 11, Omaha 5.

MILWAUKEE-LINCOLN.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 4.—Milwaukee defeated Lincoln to-day by hard hitting. O'Day was knocked out of the box in two innings. Score: Milwaukee, 13; Lincoln 3.

SIOUX CITY-KANSAS CITY.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., August 4.—To-day the home club and the Kansas City men put up a magnificent game of ball, the latter being defeated in the twelfth inning. The huskers played a dashing and errorless game throughout and Roache's exceptional work up to the last inning was all that saved the visitors from slaughter. Score: Sioux City, 5; Kansas City, 1.

National League.

BOSTON-CINCINNATI.

BOSTON, August 4.—Umpire McQuaid was responsible for to-day's game being carried into eleven innings. In the ninth when Boston lead by a single run four rank decisions allowed the visitors to tie the score and caused the bleachers to fairly boil. In the eleventh home runs by Stovey and Quinn, which sent men in ahead of them gave the home team four runs and won them the game. Score: Boston, 10; Cincinnati, 6.

CHICAGO-PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, August 4. Chicago again put up a weak game in the field. This, together with their inability to gauge Gleason, lost them the contest. The Phillies played with spirit, and hit Gumbert quite freely toward the end. Score: Philadelphia 5, Chicago 2.

BROOKLYN-PITTSBURG.

BROOKLYN, August 4.—It was one of those familiar rushes toward the close of the game that won for the Bridegrooms to-day. The score was tied at the beginning of the seventh. When that inning had been finished the tie was broken, and Johnny Ward's men were five runs ahead. Score: Brooklyn 8, Pittsburg 2.

New York-Cleveland—Postponed, rain.

American Association.

At Cincinnati: Cincinnati 3, Washington 2.

At St. Louis: St. Louis 8, Boston 6.

Dangers of Bathing.

CAPE MAY, Aug. 4.—This afternoon George McAllister, a clerk residing at Roxborough, Pa., fell dead just as he was entering the door of his bathhouse, Cape May Point. Both McAllister and his wife were in the surf a short time, when McAllister complained of feeling cold. He left the bath at once, and on reaching the door of the bathhouse dropped dead. The coroner said his death was caused by heart failure. The deceased was 24 years old and recently married.

Executing the Gag Law.

NEW YORK, August 4.—The grand jury this afternoon handed up a batch of indictments against the editors and publishers of New York city newspapers, all except the Tribune, charging them with misdemeanor in publishing details of the execution of the four murderers recently killed at Sing Sing. The Tribune was the only paper that was found to have complied with the law. The indicted men will be summoned to give bail.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, August 4.—There was considerable selling by European traders this morning and the opening of the London market [illegible] weak, and some selling for the London account. The result was that our market received very little interruption up to noon. Trading was on a limited scale and confined chiefly to New England, St. Paul, Burlington, Union Pacific, Sugar Trust, C. C. C. & St. L., Louisville and Nashville, Northern Pacific preferred and Reading. New York and New England was about the only exception to the general weakness, being firm and advancing 1 per cent. by 12 o'clock. The general market was ½ to ¾ lower. Very little support was extended to any of the list. Louisville and Nashville was especially pressed for sale at times. The weakness of Sugar Trust was due to the news that the Taylor suit against the trust had been appealed. New England was strong on buying by Boston houses. In the afternoon the Bears raided the list with renewed vigor. Union Pacific was especially singled out for their onslaught, but outside of that the decline was quite general. The closing prices were generally ½ to 1½ per cent. lower. The sales for the day amounted to 145,928 shares.

CLOSING [illegible].

Adams Ex	147	U. P.	[illegible]
American Ex	116	U. S. Ex	57
C., B. & Q	81½	Wells Fargo Ex	[illegible]
Del. Lack & W	131½	Western Union	[illegible]
D. & R. G. Preferred	41½	Colo. Coal	[illegible]
Illinois Central	94	Atchison	[illegible]
Kan & Tex	13¼	U. P. D. & G.	11
Mo. Pacific	61½	[illegible]	[illegible]
Northern Pac	61¼	[illegible]	[illegible]
Preferred	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
C. & N. W	104	[illegible]	[illegible]
Preferred	131½	Pacific 6s of '95	110
N. Y. C	99	Pittsburg	[illegible]
Pullman P. C	173	Mich. Central	[illegible]
Rock Island	[illegible]	Lake Shore	[illegible]
O. & M.	16¼	Lead Trust	[illegible]
Preferred	85	Sugar Trust	[illegible]
Reading	27½	Rio Grande West	[illegible]
Pacific Mail	32½	Preferred	66
Texas Pacific	11½		

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A bitter fight has begun between the Sugar Trust and Claus Spreckles.

Ex-Congressman W. L. Scott of Pennsylvania, lies very sick at his residence in Erie.

Henry Tyndall, aged 24, a bartender of New York, was killed by a shock of electricity while attempting to turn off an electric light.

The treasury surplus has decreased from $[illegible],783,715 on July 31, to $48,[illegible], caused principally by $7,500,000 being paid out for pensions.

The Canadian government has issued an order allowing American cattle to be shipped into Canada for slaughtering purposes. Meats will be shipped in refrigerators.

The [illegible] of Lieut. J. F. Meigs, on account of color blindness, will [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] Charles Gove, to a lieutenant [illegible] W. N. Sims to a lieutenant [illegible] grade.

Thirteen Russian Hebrew immigrants who arrived at [illegible] were allowed to land, the [illegible] board of immigration having been [illegible] that the immigrants would not become a public charge.

The [illegible] department has authorized the [illegible] No. 2, the New York, [illegible] to $[illegible], and the [illegible] No. 12, amounting to [illegible] are being built by the [illegible].

COLORED PEOPLE CELEBRATE.

The West Indies Emancipation Day Anniversary Celebrated Yesterday. Odd Fellows Anniversary.

Yesterday was the fifth anniversary of the Colorado Springs colored lodge of Odd Fellows. On the first of this month, last Saturday, occurred the anniversary of the West Indies Emancipation day. These two dates, two days apart, were celebrated together yesterday by the colored residents of Colorado Springs, Manitou, Denver and Pueblo.

At 11 o'clock yesterday morning a heavy train load of members from the very highest of Pueblo's colored society circles arrived here and a number of hundred excursionists scattered through Manitou and the canons. At [illegible] the train from Denver arrived [illegible] with a few hundred more of the colored pleasure seekers.

At 3.30 o'clock a meeting of the colored Odd Fellows was held in [illegible] hall; speeches were made, and music was furnished by a harper and two players of the violin. The meeting was well attended, and was full of life and interest. The speakers stirred up considerable enthusiasm among their hearers, and their sentiments were received with applause. The Rev. J. B. Fields, of Denver, spoke on the negro educating himself and building for himself homes. The Rev. J. Anderson, of the Colorado Springs Colored Baptist church, represented the Odd Fellows, and spoke on the importance of the negroes in secret organizations keeping themselves in good financial standing. W. R. Thompson, of Colorado Springs, spoke as the representative of the El Paso colored lodge, and also as marshal of the day. The burden of his discourse was that the negro race should keep themselves in union with each other. At the close of the meeting a dance was held, which continued until midnight. Dinner and supper were served in the hall, the proceeds going to the Colorado Springs lodge.

The parade held in the afternoon was composed of thirty-nine Odd Fellows; some from Denver and Pueblo and the remainder from the city.

The dance in the evening was one of the greatest occasions of the year for colored people. The Odd Fellows had the floor until 9 o'clock, when The Iron Springs hotel club took possession with Mr. Manly as floor manager. Mr. Francis, head waiter at The Iron Springs and president of the club, Mr. Hodges, head cook at the hotel and vice president, and Mr. A. B. Jones of Chicago, a member of the Odd Fellows lodge of that place, were among those conspicuous on the floor.

The excursionists from Denver left at 8.30 o'clock in the evening, and those from Pueblo at 1.30 o'clock this morning.

The Races at Manitou Park.

The races run at Manitou Park Saturday were an unqualified success. Every summer for years the guests of the hotel and the cowboys of the neighborhood have good-naturedly contested for victory, but it is safe to say that never before were the races more enjoyable or the result more satisfactory to all concerned. No accident detracted from the pleasure of the occasion. This was fully due to the change from the old course on the bottom land to a new track a mile west from the hotel, in the Garden of Eden park. The bed of the new course is gravelly, and could not be harmed by the light rain which began to fall when the races were half over.

About 10.30 the country people commenced to come in, driving in all sorts of conveyances, or riding on cow ponies. At 12, when the first event was started, the finish was surrounded by a very large crowd, which included a number of people who had come up from the Springs for the special purpose of seeing the races. Following are the events:

First—Half-mile flat race, straightaway, free for all.

Second—Cow pony flat race, 300 yards; horses under 14.2 hands. Best two out of three heats.

Third—Match race, half a mile, over six hurdles.

Fourth Quarter-mile flat race, free for all.

There were three starters in the first event, but the race lay entirely between Mr. Thornton on the old favorite Croppy, and Ed. Pugh of Woodland Park on his well known little bay. Both horses ran prettily. Pugh had a lead of half a length at the finish, but his horse swerved and went outside the post. The race was therefore Mr. Thornton's. Lieutenant Robbins of the First cavalry, U. S. A., acted as judge.

Seven ponies started in the second event. The first heat was won easily by Dr. Gardiner's Joe, Mr. Thornton up, the others finishing in a bunch well to the rear. The second heat went to Joe also, after a closer contest.

The third event was perhaps the prettiest of the day. Mr. Edward Cross, of the Radnor hunt of Philadelphia, mounted on Mr. Thornton's sorrel Charlie, and Mr. Thornton again on Croppy, gave as pretty an exhibition of riding as has ever been seen in the Park. The two horses took the hurdles well together. Charlie got over the last about a length in the lead, but on the stretch Croppy under heavy punishment almost caught him and allowed him to finish only a neck ahead.

As the fourth race was first run, Mr. J. Irvine Scott's Jim, ridden by Mr. Thornton, was first at the [illegible]. But fault was found with the start, and the race was run again. This time Pugh, on his bay gelding, had his revenge for the accident which lost him the first race. He won by two lengths.

The races ended with an exciting match race between Dr. Gardiner's Joe, the winner of the cow pony race, and Lew Spielman's buckskin mare, from Woodland Park. Joe found more than his match, losing by a good length and a half, but it should be understood that Joe had had hard riding earlier in the day.

All kinds of vehicles were gathered on the hill near the finish. There were several carriages from the Metcalf camp, and the coach and a dozen or so crowded vehicles from the hotel and cottages, in addition to many gentlemen and ladies on horseback.

A Colorado Brewery Sold.

DENVER, August 4.—At the office of John C. Keegan to-day the final papers were signed for the sale of the Weisenhorn brewery at Boulder to a local syndicate for the sum of $150,000. The new company is composed of Frank Weisenhorn of Boulder; Samuel C. Young, New Orleans; Philip J. Hickey, Boulder; J. F. Gunn, Denver, and Henry Danford, London. Of the capital $50,000 will be used in improving the plant, erecting an ice machine, constructing a second cellar, etc.

The Cherokee Election.

KANSAS CITY, August 4.—The Star's special from Arkansas City, Kan., says: No definite news here from the Chickasaw election, further than the first dispatch from Tahlequah, claiming Mayes' election by a small majority. Cherokees who are here state that the claim of only a small majority for Mayes looks very much as though he was defeated, as his great strength was at Tahlequah. Bushyhead, they say, will carry many of the interior districts almost unanimously.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, August 4.—For Colorado: [illegible] local showers Wednesday, becoming cooler Thursday; variable winds.

Preferred Tobacco to Cash.

It is said of A. J. McKeown, son of the oil magnate, John McKeown, that he is probably the richest young man in Pennsylvania. He enjoys a princely income, which he spends with a lavish hand. In his younger days his father offered him $10,000 to stop smoking cigarettes, and subsequently [illegible] the amount to $20,000 with the understanding that the boy should abstain from the use of tobacco in any form. [illegible] McKeown refused.

M. I. DeCOURSEY, Real Estate Agent!

AGENT FOR SALE OF LOTS IN

Parrish's Addition, West End Addition, D. Russ Wood Addition, Beacon Hill Addition, Walnut Addition, Orrin's Addition, Roswell Addition, Loomis' Addition, Broadmoor, Nob Hill, Calvert Heights, Colorado City, Manitou, La Vergne, North End Addition, Edwards Addition.

A lovely Country Estate near town.
The best Corner Lots in the City.
The best Business Lots in the City.

I have some great bargains, both large and small.
I have houses for rent and for sale. I have money to loan.
I can effect Insurance in the best companies at the best rates.

Office 12½ South Tejon Street, Colorado Springs, Colo.

Here is Money for You!

Genuine Solid Oak Cane Seat Chairs	$ .90
Genuine Solid Oak Cane Seat and Cane Back Rockers	1.50
Genuine Solid Oak Center Tables	1.50

All Chamber Suits and heavy goods reduced twenty per cent. till September first, at

FAIRLY BROTHERS,

No. 23 South Tejon Street.

C. E. [illegible] Co.

30 Pike's Peak Avenue.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Tennis Suits,
Blazers,
Top Coats.

GRANT'S
Art and Curiosity Store,
Manitou Avenue, Manitou, Colo.
Views, Native Jewelry, Minerals,
Books and Stationery,
Novels Exchanged.
Grant's, Manitou, Colo.

NO STRANGER
Should leave Colorado Springs without having visited
AIKEN'S FREE MUSEUM OF COLORADO CURIOSITIES.
No. 105 Pike's Peak Avenue, One Square East of Antlers Hotel.

Money to Loan

I have the following special sums to loan at reasonable rates in improved city or town property:

Money to Loan $300 400 500 700 1000 1250 1300 Money to Loan.

EDWARD FERRIS,
104 Pike's Peak Avenue.

WALL, PURSELL & CO.,
DEALERS IN
[illegible]
AND STODDARD 4 SPRING WAGONS.
[illegible] North Tejon Street.

Two Rare Bargains.

We have a long established, well paying business well worth $[illegible] that we offer for sale at $[illegible] on account of ill health of the proprietor. It is easy to manage, light work and very profitable. It must be taken soon if sold at this cut price.

No. 13 West Fountain Street is a house of four rooms, very large [illegible] by [illegible] feet [illegible] the price is only $[illegible]. Terms $50 cash and $15 per [illegible]. The rent you [illegible] for, [illegible] town will pay this [illegible]

[illegible]
The Pioneer Installment Real Estate [illegible].
28 South Tejon Street.

THE WOODLAND!
A New and Magnificent Hotel in the [illegible]
THE WOODLAND NOW OPEN.
Rates $15 to $21 per Week.
Special Inducements are Offered to Families.

LINUS H. SHERMAN,
United States Land and Pension Attorney,
Will practice before any Land Office and the Pension Department. [illegible]

Insurance,
Loans and
Real Estate.
[illegible]
COLORADO REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.
LINUS H. SHERMAN.

[illegible]
Weill's Little Liver Pills!
Worth Their Weight
IN GOLD.
[illegible]
WEILL'S DRUG STORE,
Manitou [illegible]
CREAMS AND ICES
[illegible]

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PUBLISHED BY

THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

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One month ..... 1.00 | One week 25

WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.

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Rates made known on application to the

JOB WORK

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any reliable concern west of the Missouri river.

All persons having advertisements in the paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.

No claims are allowed against employes of the Gazette to offset any of our accounts.

All Advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

H. W. STEELE,
Manager of the Gazette.

The returns from Kentucky prove that the People's party can talk three times as much as they can vote. The proportion is higher elsewhere.

The colored people of Colorado Springs have shown much enterprise in their celebration of Emancipation Day. Such incidents forcibly illustrate the progress of that race, and give rise to the wish that all colored Americans were as progressive and as prosperous as those of Colorado Springs.

We most cordially endorse the proposition of The Journal that the next session of the state editorial association should be held in Manitou. There is no place in the state so abounding in inspiration for good living and good thinking as our charming neighbor, and the editors of the state could not find a better place for their next meeting.

If anyone may claim to be particularly the friends of the negro, it is the soldiers who fought against the domination of the southern slave-holders during four years. If there is any case in which it might be supposed that anyone would be willing to treat the negro on terms of perfect equality, it is the white veterans of the war in their relations with those colored heroes who marched to save a nation in which they had not then a share. There is then more than at first appears in the discussions which have arisen in the ranks of the G. A. R. in regard to the admission of southern negroes to their posts on an equal footing. If the southern veterans cannot agree concerning their attitude toward their colored brethren in arms, is it any wonder that the masses of the southern people, hostile to the negro and to the North even more in tradition than in sentiment, cannot be brought to look upon this question in the pure light of strict and impartial justice and morality which seems so obvious to northern eyes?

Facts are stubborn arguments. The statement by the treasury department in regard to the amount of money in circulation in various years since 1860, will form the basis of many discussions. That the present per capita is ten dollars, or about 25 per cent. greater than it was in 1890, would seem to be a sufficient answer to those who claim that the country is going to ruin because there is not sufficient circulating medium. The gradual increase in the per capita as well as in the total amount seems to indicate that there has been a general and constant increase in prosperity, a not unnatural result of twenty-five years of profound peace to an energetic nation in a country of unbounded resources. For the record of accumulated wealth we must look to other tables, to the value of farms and houses, mines, live stock, railroads, factories and the rest, but the figures show that the average American is handling more money, gets more, spends more, saves more, is in fact better off nearly twice over than in the "good times" before the war. Of course the figures will not be at all conclusive to the people who think they can be made good and rich and wise and happy by acts of congress. The Farmers' Alliance will not fail to explain to its disciples how large a part of this sum is hoarded by the few, leaving little to the many, and how the purchasing power of money has increased, showing that it is relatively more scarce when compared with staple products for food and clothing. But arguments like these, however ingenious, fall in the weight that attaches to plain fact, and the statement that in 1860 there were $125,000,000 in circulation, a per capita of $13.85, while on July 1, 1891, there was in circulation $1,600,000,000, a per capita of $23.37, will count for more than a good many speeches.

For many years in the soldiers' reminiscences the feeling of joy was dominant. Victory had been won, the country had been saved, the slave had been freed, and if many had fallen, many were left to greet old friends around the camp fire relighted from year to year. To live the army life over again in fancy, to tell again the story of siege and battle and the long march, to rehearse deeds of valor and self-sacrifice and to recall reverently voices hushed and faces gone, these were the thoughts and the only thoughts that stirred the veterans' minds in the days when the G. A. R. was founded to preserve the memories, the fellowship and the patriotism of the soldiers. But the years have brought a change. The grand army which was at danger of defeat and a rounder of death yields to time. Not only do the lessening ranks of the annual parade and the shortening roll tell the story too well, not only do the wrinkles grow deeper, the hair whiter, the shoulders more bowed, but even in the thoughts of the soldiers there is a change. The veterans of to-day are not what the war made them, but what the quarter century since the war has made them. The varying circumstances of life have led some up, some down. The colonel may be a beggar, the private a millionaire, children and grandchildren, wealth, misfortune, honor, disgrace—not even the war memories can keep these out of mind. When the marching columns gather under the old flags to well remembered strains, when old voices are heard and old faces are seen, the years roll back like a curtain, the boys are once more in the struggle for a nation's honor and existence, there is the joy of life and of action even in scenes of death; the victory is being won, the right is triumphing, the nation is [illegible] of it. All we [illegible] for the minor chord cannot be hid, joy soon gives way. And to the veteran are fast vanishing friends, and the thought that his sight of years must take from him the power of active service for the country he loves, but saddest of all must be the petty trials of the years. There is nothing harder or more pathetic than that a hero must be content to work for a county map. All the more should honor abound to all the heroes of the great war from a thankful country, and all the more should they themselves be knit closer in the bonds of sympathy and remembrance of the days that were so dark and yet flash lit with glory.

The advancement of the human race which resulted in the abolition of slavery, consisted of two distinct movements. The first of these was begun by Denmark in 1792 and was for the suppression of the slave trade. England abolished the slave trade in 1807, and passed a law in 1811 which was effectual in putting a stop to the iniquitous traffic. In 1794 the United States forbade its citizens to engage in the slave trade with foreign countries, and on Jan. 1, 1808, the importation of slaves to its own territory ceased. The French slave trade ceased in 1818, the Portuguese became unlawful in 1836, and the Spanish in 1820. In 1842 a joint agreement between the United States, England and France put a stop to the African export trade. The first great act in the abolition of slavery was begun by Wilberforce in 1821. The first anti-slavery society was founded in 1823. The bill giving freedom to the East Indian slaves passed parliament in August 7, 1833, but it was five years later that emancipation took place. The French colonies were made free in 1848, the Dutch in 1863, and the Portuguese in 1878. President Lincoln signed the Emancipation Proclamation Sept. 22, 1862. Brazil in 1871 provided for gradual emancipation. Russian serfdom was abolished in 1861. It seems strange that so great an advance of the world should have been made in so short a time. It was of course, the culmination of a process which had been long preparing. Of all the wonderful triumphs of Nineteenth century civilization none is more important than the abolition of human slavery, and to everyone, white or black, Emancipation day is worthy of attention and thought.

WESTERN BREVITIES.

The annual meeting of the Gunnison County Veteran Association and the ex-soldiers' reunion was held at Gunnison, beginning July 23, and lasting nearly a week.

A number of important improvements are about to be made about the property of the state agricultural college at Fort Collins. Plans have been prepared for additions and new buildings to cost in the neighborhood of $71,000.

The Boulder Camera is presenting to its subscribers a good sized colored lithograph of Boulder and vicinity, showing the lakes and other attractions of that place.

The fall tournament of the Denver Cyclists' union is already being talked of to some extent, and ideas are being advanced in regard to it.

Twin Brothers of Wealth.

Wyoming Commonwealth.

Colorado is a great mining state, in fact, the one great mineral state of the union and yet the agricultural products of Colorado last year amounted to $20,000,000 more than its mineral output. Colorado, remember, has nothing but arid lands, and its farmers had to depend solely on irrigation. Thus it will be seen that agriculture, when accompanied by the science of irrigation, is able to make the arid waste more productive than the richest mines of gold and silver. The Colorado farmer toils side by side with the miner, and each plays his part in the development of the wealth of that wonderful commonwealth.

Old Words and New.

Some of the words used by old fashioned country people, and laughed at by those who hear them, are not corruptions of language, but merely survivals of old forms—forms so old that many educated persons have forgotten, or perhaps have never known, that they were once in good and regular standing as English words.

If an old woman says your pardon she is speaking as the most careful English scholars spoke for hundreds of years down almost to the end of the Sixteenth century. Thus in Wycliffe's New Testament about 1380 we read, "What man of you is, that if his sone axe hym bread, whethir he wole take hym a stoon?" And Coverdale's translation of the gospel according to St Matthew, published in 1535, has "Axe and it shall be given you."

So, too, when the same old woman says "piny" instead of peony, she is only following the ancient usage. In William Browne's "Britannia's Pastorals," printed in 1616, the poet constantly says "the ruddy piny with the lighter tress."

It may be the schoolgirl of the present day to hear lilacs called "laylocks," but Walter Savage Landor always said "laylocks," following, as his biographer tells us, a pronunciation "traditional in many old English families."

When an Irishman speaks of his "father and moder" he is guilty of nothing worse than talking older English than we are accustomed to hear. "Worschipe thi fadir and thi modir," says Wycliffe's New Testament.

"Axe," "laylock" and the like are now vulgarisms, and as such are to be avoided, but it is well enough to know that they were once as well received in good society as their successors are at present.—Youth's Companion.

How Insects Breathe.

If we take any moderately large insect—say a wasp or a locust—we can see, even with the naked eye, that a series of small spotlike marks run along the side of the body. These apparent spots, which are eighteen or twenty in number, are in fact the apertures through which air is admitted into the system and are generally formed in such a manner that no extraneous matter can by any possibility find entrance.

Sometimes they are furnished with a pair of horny caps, which can be opened and closed at the will of the insect; in other cases they are densely fringed with stiff interlacing bristles forming a filter, which allows air, and air alone, to pass; but the apparatus of whatever character it may be, is so wonderfully perfect in its actions that it has been found impossible to injure the body of a dead insect with even so subtle a medium as spirits of wine, although the subject was first immersed in the fluid and then placed beneath the receiver of an air pump. The apertures in question communicate with two large breathing tubes, which extend through the entire length of the body.

From these main tubes are given off innumerable branches, which run in all directions and continually divide and subdivide, until a wonderfully intricate network is formed pervading every part of the structure and penetrating even to the antennæ.—Leisure Hours.

A child with two tongues was born the other day at Huntington, W. Va. It was a female child.

AMONG VERMONT'S HILLS

THERE PRESIDENT HARRISON WILL ENJOY THE AUGUST DAYS.

He Is to be the Guest of Secretary of War Proctor, and Will Have Opportunity to Show What He Can Do as a Fisherman.

Bird hill runs from Rutland, Vt., northward eight miles to Pittsford valley. The natives call it a queer hog back, and six miles down Otter creek that up to that time dawdled quietly along except when turned over a dam for power purposes, cuts into a rocky gorge that gives it a fall of 190 feet and tears it into a streak of foam. Here is Proctor, the home of the secretary of war, and in the very prettiest place in the whole town is situated his house, where President Harrison will spend several days in August, and various cabinet members will recreate during the latter part of the month. The house, occupying by itself a hill just fitting in between the railroad and river, has the most beautiful site there is for miles around, and by reason of its solitary position is a striking feature in the scene. On a still higher hill on the other side of the river is the home of Fletcher Proctor, the secretary's son, who, inheriting his father's shrewd ability, is amassing [illegible] with [illegible].

The secretary of war is the fine-crowned mountain monarch of Vermont, and if he doesn't absolutely own the town himself, the Vermont Marble company does, and Proctor and his sons are the major portion of the company. Yet it is a queer fact that he does not own the house in which he lives. It belongs to the marble company.

THE HOME OF SECRETARY PROCTOR.

In Vermont the secretary of war is best known as the "Guv'nor," and that is what he is called by all the men in the quarries.

There is only one thing lacking in Proctor. It might be said that there are all modern improvements, including telegraph, express office and telephone, but when the chief executive alights he will be landed beside the road and find himself in six inches of white marblelike dust. He will look in vain for a station. There is none. But the "Guv'nor's" house is right at hand, only on the top of a cliff or hill fully a hundred feet high. The approach from the train is by a long flight of stairs. It is a brown house with side piazza, front piazza, another side one and then a large entrance piazza leading into the big hall. The secretary and his family go there early in the spring and leave only at the last call of autumn.

Mrs. Proctor is a careful housewife and a thorough homebody, always to be found in her own kingdom. She has quite enough room to look after. From the hall on the right opens a large music room with a couple of pianos. Behind is a smaller room not unlike a private office, and still further back is the sleeping room of the secretary. On the left of the hall is the reception room and connected with it is the dining room. On the second floor the plan is plain enough; plenty of sleeping rooms and what was formerly the nursery and school room of the children, which is used this summer by a couple of the secretary's little granddaughters, who are passing the summer with their mother at the grandparents'. These two small ladies also come in for a good share of Mrs. Proctor's time and the stately controller of the war forces of America is able to assume a very meek attitude at their desire.

The room which President Harrison will occupy is at the head of the stairs, directly over the music room. There is a large covered balcony, and when he looks from the window it will be on a scene that will probably gladden his soul. There is hardly space on the hill for spacious lawns, but there are some flower beds, and from the stables is the drive, just wide enough for one carriage, which skirts the foot of the hill, twisting about till it is on top at the door. It becomes a natural terrace on the east, and there it cuts through dark hemlocks that shut together overhead. The hill and the house are on one side and the river on the other. A climb up through the hemlocks and one reaches a frail looking suspension bridge that sways in the wind, while above is the dam at the head of the fall, and for several rods there is nothing but rocks and swirling waters that, in the spring freshets, toss their spray over the swinging bridge.

GLIMPSE OF THE TROUT POND.

The secretary is a lover of nature and is proud of his beautiful home, and this bridge over the falls is one of the points to which he always takes his visitors. Down below the falls is a power house from which the water is conveyed to the marble mills. There stands a wonderful wall, where a gorge fully 100 yards across has been bridged across with marble, which forms the foundation for the rear support of one of the work shops.

There will be good fishing almost under the president's window, for there are both perch and bass to be pulled out of Otter creek, but more than likely, instead of that, Mr. Proctor will take Mr. Harrison up to his own pet fishing pond, a mile above the quarries in the mountains.

MISS. MCGUIRE.

The Beautiful Pumpkin.

A pumpkin which was growing in the midst of a field of corn got the highhead one day and began bragging itself up.

"I am not only a fine vegetable to look at," observed the pumpkin with complacency, "but I am nourishment for both man and beast. Made into pie I am welcomed all over America, and even kings have condescended to eat me. As food for the bovine tribe nothing can take my place. In fine, take it all around, the world could not do without me."

Just then the owner of the field and his hired man happened along, and the owner caught sight of the pumpkin and called out:

"Hele, Bill, this thing is taking up room wanted by the corn. Root it up and throw it over the fence!"

Moral—The man who thought he owned the earth died several weeks ago, but the big wheel hasn't even skipped a cog yet.—New York World.

What a New York Company Costs.

A stock company in a New York theater is an expensive luxury. The salary list of the Lyceum theater foots up $2,000. Daly pays his actors $2,500 weekly, and Charles Frohman's comedians at Proctor's cost him nearly $3,000 every seven days. Even Ed Harrigan, who seldom indulges in high priced people, expends $1,600 a week on the company that helps him give the public three stage pictures of low life in the metropolis which have made him famous. It costs anywhere from $2,000 to $3,000 a week to rent a New York theater and sometimes more.

The Best Crop in Maine.

A fur buyer of Lewiston recently made a statement of interest to people who like to shoot big game. "On an average," he remarked, "800 bears annually are killed in Maine. I say average-five each twelve month, and yet the trappers announce every year that the bear in Maine is becoming extinct. I have bought many bearskins in the last four years, and am buying them every week. Last year, it is quite a crop all in all. The trapper who gets a big bear gets thirty dollars, to thirty-five dollars for the skin and five dollars bounty. Five hundred a year averaging half as much makes $10,000 a year from our profits from Maine's wildest beast."

GOSSIP ABOUT PRELATES

The Wives of British Archbishops and Bishops—Democracy of the Church.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, July 30.—A strange feature in connection with the Church of England is the abnormal position of the wives of the archbishops and bishops. They are entirely ignored—a survival, probably, of pre-Reformation times—and they are debarred from any participation in the rank and precedence of their husbands. Thus, while the archbishops of Canterbury and York outrank every peer of the realm, and are addressed as "Your Grace," in the same manner as the dukes whom they precede, their wives are forced to yield the pas to the dame of every newly knighted grocer or linen draper, and are styled not "Duchess" nor even "Lady," but only "Mrs."

The wives of the bishops of London, of Durham and in fact of every other prelate of the Church of England are in [illegible] their husbands even think the barons in the house of peers and are entitled to the predicate of "Your Lordship." It is surprising that this anomalous state of affairs to which Queen Elizabeth is recorded in history to have drawn the attention of her advisers should have been allowed to exist unchanged through the course of three centuries.

The church, both Catholic and Reformed, continues to this day to form the most democratic institution of the world. It is the one walk in life where humble birth is no drawback to the highest preferment. The late primate of Hungary was of peasant origin. The prince archbishop of Cologne is the son of small pork butcher at Coblentz on the Rhine, the prince archbishop of Posen is the brother of a village tailor at Elbing, the prince archbishop of Breslau is the only child of a weaver earning a few groschens a day, while another famous cardinal has a brother who peddles hides and rabbit skins. Cardinal Mhalowitz, of Agram, who has just died, was the son of a village schoolmaster, and during the early part of his life passed three years of penal servitude in the penitentiary as a rebel against the Austrian government. Moreover, at the funeral of Cardinal Gangelbaur, the archbishop of Vienna and primate of Austria, the emperor stood at the head of the coffin with the dead prelate's two brothers, dressed in the peasant garb of upper Austria, standing beside him.

Adrian IV, the powerful pope who gave Ireland to England, was the son of a lowly Kentish serf, and quite a number of other celebrated pontiffs were of equally obscure birth. Napoleon I was wont to declare that every French soldier carries a field marshal's baton in his knapsack, and in the same manner it may be said that every faithful son of the church who enters the priesthood carries the cassock of an archbishop, the red hat of a cardinal or even the tiara of a pontiff in the folds of his cassock.

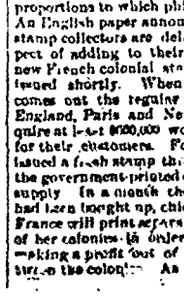
While prelates as a rule are dignified, imposing and stately, there are some with whom I have been brought into contact who have startled me by their exceedingly democratic demeanor and by their free and easy behavior. Thus I have seen the cardinal archbishop of Lyons, while standing arrayed in his gorgeous robes on the steps of the grand altar in the cathedral preparatory to blessing the people, coolly tuck his crosier under one arm, march in the same manner as if it were an old umbrella, for the purpose of leaving his hands free to take a pinch of snuff. I have met in the streets of Agram the celebrated bishop of Djakovar, who is regarded as a species of vice pope by the 18,000,000 Slavs of Austro-Hungary, striding along booted and spurred, clad in a dark coarse gray shooting jacket, a soft felt hat perched rakishly on one side of his head, a stout hunting crop under his arm and a cigar in the corner of his mouth.

The late archbishop of York was wont to devote his vacation to tramping through the lake districts of England with a photographic camera fitted up in a two wheeled cart drawn by a small jackass. The lord bishop of Chester may be seen flying about his diocese on a tricycle. The bishop of Ripon plays football with as much zest as a schoolboy, while the well known Bishop Ellicott, although seventy-two years of age, has been distinguishing himself during the past severe weather as a fancy skater on the ice.

AN EX-DIPLOMATIST.

To Rout the Ohio Democrats.

Hon. James E. Campbell, who has been renominated by the Democrats for governor of Ohio, is comparatively a young man—that is to say, he is on the sunny side of fifty. He is a native of the state which has honored him by election to several offices, and was born July 7, 1843. When the war broke out he had just left school and embraced the calling of a teacher. He joined the navy as a volunteer in 1862, and served under Admiral Porter until the end of the struggle. Then he took up the study of law, and on being admitted to practice opened an office in Hamilton.



GOV. J. E. CAMPBELL.

Before his election as governor he had been prosecuting attorney for three terms and had also served three terms in congress. His contest this fall with William McKinley, the author of the present tariff law, and the Republican candidate for governor, promises to become one of the great events in the history of American politics.

Material Always of Value.

The economy of material has been reduced almost to an exact science. When a thing comes to be of value for one purpose it is utilized in some other way. The statement of a Pittsburg cable car magnate is of interest in this connection. Says he: "The ropes on cable roads are as a rule sold as soon as they are put in. The rope upon which we are traveling was sold several weeks ago. The old ropes are sold for inclines, elevators, etc. They are better for that purpose than if they were new. They have become so thoroughly soaked with oil and tar and so stretched that they are seasoned. They will never wear out on inclines or elevators because there is no strain on them compared with that of a cable road, and they have been tested so that they may be relied on. After they have been in use a short time on the cable roads, and before they show signs of wear, they are replaced by new ones."

Vast Sums Spent by Stamp Collectors.

One who is not a stamp dealer or stamp collector has little idea of the enormous proportions to which philately has grown. An English paper announces that postage stamp collectors are delighted at the prospect of adding to their treasures by the new French colonial stamps which will be issued shortly. When any new stamp comes out the regular stamp dealers in England, Paris and New York alone require at least $600,000 worth of specimens for their customers. For example, Tunis issued a fresh stamp three years ago, and the government printed enough for a year's supply. In a month the whole quantity had been bought up, chiefly for collectors. France will print separate stamps for each of her colonies in order to prevent people making a profit out of the exchange between the colonies. As before, the stamp will represent Commerce and Navigation standing upright in a boat, beneath the inscription, "Republique Française—Colonies," but the name of each possession will be engraved at the foot, so that the Madagascar stamp cannot be used in Cochin China, and so on.

World's Fair Traffic Arrangements.

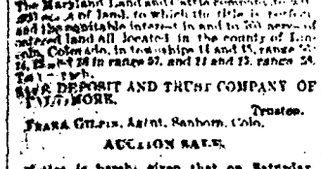
The traffic department of the exposition has been taking time by the forelock in seeking the views and intentions of the traffic managers of steamship lines and railroads regarding the rates which it is proposed to establish for exhibits. This is a very important matter, and one regarding which there has been quite a flood of inquiries from intending exhibitors, foreign as well as domestic. No understanding has yet been reached which will warrant the foreign department in affording definite information to those who are so anxiously awaiting it, but it is to be hoped that the various transportation companies concerned will avoid a "dog in the manger" policy, and manifest instead a spirit of liberality in keeping with the enthusiasm that has been displayed by other commercial bodies. It is time, moreover, that something definite should be heard from the various American railroad associations regarding the rates for passenger traffic during and preliminary to the event. This matter has already been scheduled for consideration at two or three meetings of the Western Passenger association, but, owing to the number of questions which took precedence of it on the programme, it has not so far been reached.

Among exhibitors there seems to be a general opinion that whatever special rates may eventually be granted, should not be confined to apply simply to the period during which the exposition is opened, but should take effect some time before, in order that they may be availed of by the great number of people who will come here in advance with exhibits and on other business connected with the enterprise. This suggestion seems fair and reasonable. If the exhibits are carried at reduced rates so should the people in charge of them, presumably as the trainers, jockeys and others in charge of stables, that go from one racing center to another, are carried at a nominal rate in consideration of the tariff that is paid for the transportation of the animals.

To Aid the Sailormen.

As Great Britain is to a large extent a maritime nation, she is naturally proud of the plans in operation for the benefit of her seafarers. She is particularly pleased with the work of the Shipwrecked Fishermen and Mariners' Royal Benevolent society, which helps disabled and imperiled seamen, widows and orphans, rewards the rescuers of life and assists shipwrecked persons in the most practical form. Owing to the severe weather of last year the society had extra calls and assisted 10,343 persons during the twelvemonth.

HEALTH IS WEALTH



DR. R. C. WEST NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age caused by over exertion of the brain. Each box contains one month's treatment, $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by

G. B. STORER, Druggist,

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, F. D. Morse and W. Newell Smith of the county of Arapahoe and state of Colorado did on the 24th day of November, 1890, by their certain deed of trust of that date, duly recorded in the office of the county clerk and recorder of El Paso county, Colorado, on the 17th day of November, 1890, in book 124, page 122, convey to the undersigned, as trustee, the following described real estate situate in the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, to wit: Lots No. 61 and 62 in Block D of the town of Palmer Lake, as shown by the plat of said town, which conveyance was made in trust to secure payment to the Newton Loan & Company of one certain promissory note of the said F. D. Morse and W. Newell Smith for the principal sum of twenty-eight hundred (2800) dollars, with interest at the rate of ten (10) per cent per annum until paid, and whereas said deed of trust recites that in case of default of the payment of said promissory note according to the tenor thereof, then and in that event the said trustee shall sell the said real estate for the purpose of paying the same, together with all the expenses connected with the execution of said trust.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of said promissory note according to the tenor and effect of the same.

Now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in and by virtue of the authority in me vested by the terms of said deed of trust, I, H. C. McCreery, trustee as aforesaid will on Saturday the 1st day of August, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the court house in the city of Colorado Springs, county and state aforesaid, sell the above described premises at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand for the purpose of paying said promissory note with interest, together with the expenses of executing this trust.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, this 29th day of June, 1891. H. C. McCREERY, Trustee.

JOHN K. VANAUKEN, Attorney.

Above sale is postponed until August 15, 1891.

Rio Grande Southern

RAILROAD

The New All Rail Line to

Telluride, Placerville, Ft. Lewis, Mancos and Rico.

NOW COMPLETED AND OPEN FOR BUSINESS

From Ridgeway.

On the line of the Denver & Rio Grande R. R.

To Telluride.

And will be pushed to final completion to Durango and Rico by midsummer, opening up the most magnificent scenery in the Rocky Mountains, heretofore inaccessible, passing through the

Famous Montezuma and Shenandoah Valleys.

The Great Agricultural Region of the

DOLORES RIVER.

This new line will bring the Tourist within easy ride of the wonderful

Homes of the Cliff Dwellers

Immediate connections are made at Ridgeway with trains of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad to and from Denver, Pueblo and Colorado Springs for Placerville and Telluride.

Stage Connections from Telluride to Rico.

As soon as bridge completed, train service will be extended with stage connections from terminus to Rico.

OTTO MEARS,
General Manager.

GILLIS BROS. & WALSH,

Manufacturers of

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Moulding

Scroll Work, Mantels and all kinds of Fine Interior Work. Write such a [illegible]

Corner Vermijo and Sahwatch Streets.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders for the El Paso Electric Company.

Notice is hereby given to the stockholders of the El Paso Electric company, that a meeting of said company will be held at the office of the [illegible] in the city of Colorado Springs, Colorado, [illegible] the 20th day of August, 1891, at [illegible] for the purpose of electing officers [illegible] and also of the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

G. L. GODFREY, Secretary.

WATER PROCLAMATION.

Until further notice, water may be used for sprinkling purposes, but before last restrictions were imposed, from 5 a. m. to 7 p. m.

Water cannot be used for sprinkling at night, or after 7 p. m., on account of fire system.

IRA G. SPRAGUE, Mayor.

Colorado Springs, August 1, 1891.

J. J. HAGERMAN, PRES'T. J. A. HAYES, CASHIER. CHAS. THURLOW, VICE-PRES'T. A. NUTTON, ASS'T CASHIER.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

CAPITAL, $100,000.
SURPLUS, 100,000.

Buys and Sells Foreign and Domestic Exchange and Does a General Banking Business.

DIRECTORS:

W. J. EATON, J. J. HAGERMAN, CHAS. THURLOW,
LOUIS R. EHRICH, A. A. MCGOVNEY, H. P. CROWELL,
IRVING HOWBERT, J. A. HAYES.

Something for "Home Folks."

WHILE you are living in beautiful Colorado, enjoying its climate, drinking in its magnificent scenery, and reaping the benefits of life in a model city like Colorado Springs, does it never occur to you that the friends I LEFT AT HOME do not half understand what you have and they are missing—letters filled with descriptions are interesting, but they do not convey the impressions of the life of the people as does a good READABLE PAPER. One dollar and fifty cents will buy the Weekly Gazette mailed to any postoffice in the United States. Why not send it as a complement to your letters?

The Weekly Gazette is SPECIALLY PREPARED for persons living outside of Colorado Springs, and who cannot receive the Daily every morning. It has as large a circulation as any weekly in the county, is handsome typographically, and will make an acceptable present. Subscribe for the WEEKLY GAZETTE! Read the Weekly Gazette! Advertise in the Weekly Gazette; you will find it profitable.

Registration Notice.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS of Section 7, of an act of the General Assembly of the state of Colorado, entitled

"AN ACT

"To provide for the establishing and maintaining at public expense, permanent registration lists of all qualified electors in election precincts included wholly or partly within the corporate limits of cities of the first and second classes, and in all other cities with a greater population than 15,000 inhabitants, and to provide for punishing violations thereof,"

The board of county commissioners of El Paso county, having completed the registration for the election precincts within the corporate limits of the city of Colorado Springs, has on this twentieth (20th) day of July, A. D. 1891, at 2 30 o'clock p. m., deposited the record books of such registration with the county clerk of said county.

Public notice is hereby given that, for a period of ninety (90) days next after date of the first publication of this notice, to wit: July 20, 1891, the record of such registration will be kept at the office of the said county clerk, open for inspection at any time during office hours, from 9 o'clock a. m. until 4 o'clock p. m. daily, Sundays excepted, and upon application in person, without vouchers, any error or omission in the registration of any such elector will be corrected; and also that any elector who has not been registered, may, on like application, in person, and without vouchers, be registered in his proper election precinct. After the expiration of said ninety (90) days, to wit: October 19, 1891, no qualified elector can be registered, but can his registration be corrected or changed, except he make application in person to the county clerk and be sworn for by the oath or affirmation of two qualified electors already registered in such applicant's election precinct.

No registered qualified elector can be accepted as a voucher for more than six (6) applicants, nor can any registered qualified elector, who may, for any reason, be unable to write his signature, be received or accepted as a voucher.

By order of the Board of County commissioners.

J. C. PLUMB, Chairman.

Attest: F. W. Hossack, County Clerk.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, F. D. Morse and W. Newell Smith of the county of Arapahoe and state of Colorado did on the 24th day of November, 1890, by their certain deed of trust of that date, duly recorded in the office of the county clerk and recorder of El Paso county, Colorado, on the 17th day of November, 1890, in book 124, page 122, convey to the undersigned, as trustee, the following described real estate situate in the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, to wit: Lots No. 61 and 62 in Block D of the town of Palmer Lake, as shown by the plat of said town, which conveyance was made in trust to secure payment to the Newton Loan & Company of one certain promissory note of the said F. D. Morse and W. Newell Smith for the principal sum of twenty-eight hundred (2800) dollars, with interest at the rate of ten (10) per cent per annum until paid, and whereas said deed of trust recites that in case of default of the payment of said promissory note according to the tenor thereof, then and in that event the said trustee shall sell the said real estate for the purpose of paying the same, together with all the expenses connected with the execution of said trust.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of said promissory note according to the tenor and effect of the same.

Now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in and by virtue of the authority in me vested by the terms of said deed of trust, I, H. C. McCreery, trustee as aforesaid will on Saturday the 1st day of August, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the front door of the court house in the city of Colorado Springs, county and state aforesaid, sell the above described premises at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash in hand for the purpose of paying said promissory note with interest, together with the expenses of executing this trust.

Dated at Colorado Springs, Colorado, this 29th day of June, 1891. H. C. McCREERY, Trustee.

JOHN K. VANAUKEN, Attorney.

Above sale is postponed until August 15, 1891.

AUCTION SALE.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, August 1, 1891, at two o'clock in the afternoon at the front door of the Postoffice in Colorado Springs, Colorado, I will offer for sale at public auction for cash in hand, for the purpose of paying a gunsmithing bill, one small bay with white star in forehead. No brands.

CHARLES R. VINCENT,
By A. M. Blackmer, Attorney.

Colorado Springs, Colo., July 25, 1891.

Dwinell & Terrill,

Real Estate Investments,
Loans and Insurance.

We offer, at reasonable figures, unimproved and improved property, in all parts of the city and vicinity, and in El Paso county.

FOR SALE:

On Willamette avenue, house of 18 rooms with all modern improvements; south front $3000
On Colorado avenue, house of 8 rooms, bath, hot and cold water; south front; barn, outbuildings 4500
West Colorado Springs, 6 roomed house 800
6 roomed house, N. Tejon street 2500
Corner on N. Tejon street; 100x130 feet 2500

MONEY TO LOAN in Large or Small Amounts.

INSURANCE Written with Care in Reliable Companies.

BANK BUILDING, ROOM 11.
Telephone No. 165.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

COLORADO SPRINGS, AUG. 4, 1891.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 2	California and Eastern Express	2.10 p m
No. 4	Atlantic Coast Limited	4.15 a m
No. 6	California, Colorado and New Mexico Express	8.00 a m
No. 8	Pueblo and Denver Accommodation	8.25 a m
No. 10	Trinidad, La Veta and Denver	3.00 p m
No. 12	Canon City, Kansas City and St. Louis Express	10.42 a m

SOUTH AND WEST BOUND.

No. 1	California Fast Mail	11.31 a m
No. 3	Pacific Coast Limited	9.45 p m
No. 5	California, Colorado and New Mexico Express	12.55 a m
No. 7	Trinidad and La Veta Express	6.30 p m
No. 9	Pueblo and Utah Passenger and Mail	11.05 a m
No. 11	Canon City and St. Louis Ex.	4.30 p m

THE MANITOU BRANCH.

TO MANITOU.—Leaves at: 8.25 a. m., 11.05 a. m., 12.00 noon, 2.45 p. m., 4.30 p. m., 5.35 p. m., 6.45 p. m.

FROM MANITOU.—Arrives at: 8.10 a. m., 10.50 a. m., 11.45 a. m., 2.30 p. m., 4.15 p. m., 5.10 p. m., 6.20 p. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities east at the depot and No. 18 North Tejon street. Parties can select their own route.

Baggage checked to destination. Pullman palace sleepers. Chair cars free.

For full information call on or add.

J. M. ELLISON, General Agent.
18 North Tejon st.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE AND COLORADO MIDLAND R. R.

August 2, 1891.

Westbound	Arrive.	Leave.
No. 5 Chicago to Denver	8.00 am	8.05 am
No. 7 Kansas City to Denver	1.35 am	1.45 am
No. 601 Salt Lake to Denver	4.17 am	4.25 am
No. 603 La Junta to Denver	5.15 pm	5.20 pm
Eastbound		
No. 6 Denver to Chicago	7.42 pm	8.00 pm
No. 8 Denver to Kansas City	2.00 am	2.40 am
No. 604 Denver to Salt Lake	10.15 pm	10.25 pm
No. 602 Denver to La Junta	10.40 am	10.45 am

Trains No. 5 and 6 are solid vestibule trains between Denver and Chicago without change. Carry Pullman palace sleeping cars, library, smoking, chair cars and dining cars. Connect at La Junta for New Mexico and California, and at Pueblo, Kansas City, St. Louis and St. Louis and Texas Transition railway, and at New Orleans, Kansas, for Galveston, Tex.

Trains Nos. 7 and 8 run through between Colorado Springs and Kansas City.

Trains Nos. 601 and 602 run through between Denver and points on the Colorado Midland, and carry through Pullman sleeping and parlor cars for California.

Trains 603 and all are the solid through "Nellie Bly," running between Denver and La Junta and carrying at Pueblo with trains to and from Kansas City.

City ticket office, Opera House block. Telephone 54.

C. C. HOYT, A. G. P.

DENVER, TEXAS & FORT WORTH.

NORTH BOUND.

No. 22	Denver	3.05

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 22	Fort Worth Express	11.30 a m

WEST BOUND.

No. 19	Arrive from Denver	11.30 a m
No. 21	Arrive from Pueblo	3.45 p m

To connect with New York and points east leave Colorado Springs Sundays at 11.30 a. m.

To connect with New York and points west leave Colorado Springs Sund

MANITOU SPRINGS.

Interesting Gossip From the West's Favorite Resort.

Manitou tourists, note the change in the Rio Grande time table made yesterday.

Manitou and its hotels sent a host of people to the grand concert at Broadmoor to-night.

Mr J. H Waugh, stopping at the Manitou house is a prominent banker of Columbia, Mo.

A telegram from Chicago called Mrs [illegible] Hanauer home from the Barker house yesterday.

Have you seen the old English church architecture of The Mansions dining room? It seats 200 people.

Many merry dancers from the Cliff house attended the invitation hop at the Iron Springs hotel last night.

Wells drug store has placed a mammoth phonograph in their building. It has a set of stump speeches, dances, songs, recitations, etc.

Two young lady guests of the Barker house attempted to trip on foot to Pikes Peak summit yesterday morning and returned in safety last night.

Denver and Pueblo sent us a picnic party of colored people, estimated variously from 200 to 350 persons. They left some money in the town.

Mr O H Brown of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe system, with his family, are enjoying Manitou from the big piazzas of the Ruxton house.

Judge C L Potter and Mrs. Potter and their family of four children are with Mrs T J Crooks, Mrs. Potter's mother, at the Ruxton for the season.

Mr W B Proctor, the Denver man of the New York Mutual Life Insurance company is pleasantly located at the Norris with his family for a vacation.

Among the recent arrivals at the Norris from Chicago are Misses Jennie A. Proctor and Carrie L. Blachford, two interesting school ma'ams on their vacation tour.

Marshal Bowers brought in two belligerents who were "scrapping" in front of the engine house. They were lodged in the jail, at the town's expense.

Miss Ella M Frederick, at the Cliff house, is the young school teacher who won the St Louis Post Dispatch trip to Europe as the most popular teacher in St Louis in a voting contest.

A special train was dispatched over the Cog Wheel route yesterday to accommodate a large traffic to the Peak. The officials have their hands full looking after the increasing business of the road.

The Brunswick-Balke and Monarch cushion billiard tables in the Iron Springs hotel are occupied by the ivory balls chasing one another about all the time. It's a scientific pleasure to play on them.

An alligator had an outing yesterday around Pollen's yellow front curio store. It vigorously hissed his disapproval of things generally, but was finally snapped by the tail and landed among his fellows in the window.

Our usual Wednesday evening meeting will be omitted in order to hear the Rev. Father Dyer, at High School hall, "The Colorado experiences dating back to '61," so saith the Rev. A H Stabler, pastor of the Methodist church.

The regular monthly meeting of the town board of aldermen, with his honor the mayor in the chair, took place last night. The usual monthly affairs were cleaned up and nothing of special interest was projected or considered.

T. Montgomery, a prominent real estate man of Denver and his family, and Miss Babcock of New York, and Miss Moore of Los Angeles, and A F Anderson of Kansas City, are settled for some time at the Barker.

Saratoga hall will be filled with the flower of youth and the intoxication of beauty bedecked with sheen of satin and sparkling gems to-night. The high class of guests at both the Manitou and the Mansions guarantee a brilliant [illegible].

The thoroughly satisfactory invitation hop at the Iron Springs hotel last night was largely attended. It doesn't matter what the weather is, this house has an even temperature all through, owing to its ventilating and steam heating plant connected with every room in it.

Hiestand's Iron Springs photo gallery is making about fifteen negatives a day of private groups and train views on top of Pikes Peak. Their summit photos are in great demand for souvenirs of mountain travel. Not to have one is like missing the trip to Pike's Peak summit.

The young ladies of the Cliff house tendered a birthday party to Mr. Robert [illegible] yesterday on the Tennis Court [illegible]. To judge from the empty [illegible] and china, the amateur photograph groups, the lively tennis game and laughter they were having a good time.

[illegible] Bailey has decided to adopt the plan upon which he ran his two houses [illegible] having only one dining room for both houses. Commencing to-day all guests for both houses will be served in the elegant dining room of The Mansions, which seats 250 people comfortably at one time.

[illegible] entertainments are coming to the front. This pitch and toss game [illegible] worked up into base ball practice by degrees and careful study. That there is genuine fun in it was proved in the Barker house dining room last night when a host of jolly players "made the [illegible] ring" with laughter.

The short walk from the Manitou to The Mansions is one that has delightful [illegible] in rustic bridges, leafy arches, velvet lawns and parterres of flowers [illegible] the skillful gardener's art, and the many beautiful shade trees about the Grace Greenwood cottage and Ruxton creek make the [illegible] dining room for the Manitou [illegible] rather a pleasurable [illegible].

Little David Smiley, son of the popular real estate agent, who was run over [illegible] passed a very uneasy night, but was better yesterday morning. Mr. Smiley his father, said "that the [illegible] condition saved him from broken bones, but that the shock had been a great strain on the little fellow's nervous system and that the accident should be a warning to grocers and others to quit driving so fast a [illegible] that

[illegible] curve in the hill by his house several accidents having happened there."

The following are the arrivals at the hotels yesterday:

THE MANSIONS.

B. J Welles, Mrs. B J Welles, Denver; Amos Bissell and wife, Mrs D J Haynes, George W. Martin, George W Brooks, Denver; Miss Dollie Child, Kansas City; Mrs. Gen. E. S. Parker and daughter, Miss H. L. Underhill, John P. Brooks and wife, Miss G. Brooks, Minnie Brooks, New York; Miss M Brooks, Bournesworth, Eng.; F Haiff, Houston, Tex.; George W Wilbur, Chicago; Miss Veda Sheppard, Mrs J H McGrew, Bloomington, Neb.; J Fawcett, Omaha; G F Worth, Clinton Mo.; J P Griswold, Willis Artus, Topeka; L Froy and family, Denver.

CLIFF HOUSE.

J J Dickey, Omaha; B Brooke, Denver; F I Dunn and wife, A Zugschwer, Findlay, O.; Wm G Farleigh, J M Wilson, St Joseph, Mo.; H E Rood and wife, St Louis; John Best, wife and child, Denver; W H McClure, C L Neil, Denver and Rio Grande railroad; F R Thomas, Memphis; B C Bancroft, Denver; Mrs J P Lask and daughter, Miss Ella M Frederick, Mrs F R Tully and son, St Louis; T R McNaly and wife, Chicago; Howard Waterman, Detroit; I M Woodhouse, wife, son and nurse, Cheyenne; R Neill and wife, Peterboro, Conn.; Chas. L. Gilchrist, Des Moines; Joan Le Ar, London.

BARKER HOUSE.

H. J. Rand, Chicago; F F Wells, Denver; Henry Humphreys, Pueblo; J W Lay, S T. Montgomery, Denver; J D Eubank, Independence, Mo.; Chas. E. Buck and family, Chicago; J. H. Grogan and wife, New York; Mrs. Moore, Miss A Moore, Los Angeles; Miss Phebe Alton, La Platte, Mo.; A F Anderson, Kansas City; Mrs. Samuel Babcock, Miss N Babcock, New York; H. Friebergh, Galveston; J. H. Fanning, Chicago; J. B. Oldham and wife, Dallas; Dr. Branstrup and wife, Topeka; Mrs. Hellen Curran, Den[illegible] N. Y.

NORRIS HOUSE.

J. T Brown, John Seney, T C. Whiting, M Harrington, Theo Johnson, Denver; James Gordon Wheeler, New York; Burr Fisher, P. B Shannon, Humansville, Mo.; W. H. Sutherland, J. O Smith, Frank Ferris, Colorado Midland railway; Miss Zilla Miller, Adel, Iowa; Miss Lizzie Sutherland, Florissant; William Maddocks, St. Louis; C E. Mason and wife, Brooklyn; D A Fuller, M. D., Boston.

THE RUXTON.

Mrs. J T Crooks, Dennison, Tex.; C. L. Potter, Miss M. Potter, Edith Potter, Carl Potter, Gainesville, Tex.; J. K. Gaudy, Denver; W. J. Bell, Lincoln, Neb.; W. O. Henry, Omaha; Chas. F. Todd, Boston; Charles B. Chapman, John Tillson, Omaha; Jas. Carneyon, New York; F. W. Brown, Mrs. O. H. Brown, Kansas City; Mr. and Mrs. Mullins, Fort Worth, Tex.

IRON SPRINGS HOTEL.

C F. Johnson, Carlton, Wis.; Mrs. T. Lowergan, Chicago; D. H. Morrison, W. H. Posthast, Denver; Geo. C. Martin, Kansas City; R. M. Walker, Raton, N. M.; Clarke B. Whittier, Riverside; Boderick, Pueblo, Colo; J. P. Ewing, W. H. Waugh, Miss Waugh, Kansas City.

MANITOU HOUSE.

Chas. E. Allison and wife, Pueblo; J. M. Schollmeyer, St. Louis; J. H. Waugh, Columbia, Mo.; Mrs. C. B. Sanders, child and nurse, St. Joseph, Mo.; Mrs. J. Maurath, Kansas City; F. C. Dillard, Sherman, Tex.; H. G. Da[illegible], wife and boy, Chicago; Miss Lizzie Sailing, Denver.

Wool Markets.

Coates Bros. wool commission merchants of Philadelphia, have the following comments on the state of the wool market in their circular for August 1, 1901:

There has been very little change in wool markets since our last issue. The demand has been fair but buyers have preferred the better descriptions, and choice washed and unwashed have been more wanted than dark or heavy grades. For some descriptions there has been more active inquiry but any endeavor to advance prices has stopped sales. Fine wools are very quiet, the best demand being for medium and delaine wools. Shipments are coming forward freely from most sections, but as, this year, there has been very little speculative buying in the west, the arrivals are mostly lots that are sent to be sold in the regular course of trade as wanted for consumption. While money is plentiful in all financial centres the reluctance to freely use it in usual commercial operations has probably been the cause of the slow movement of the clip, and shipments may, therefore, be distributed more evenly than usual over the wool year, instead of being crowded into a few months as heretofore.

Following are the quotations for Colorado and New Mexico.

COLORADO.

Medium and fine, choice	[illegible]
Medium and fine, heavy	[illegible]
Common and quarter blood	[illegible]
Coarse, carpet	[illegible]

NEW MEXICO.

Choice improved	[illegible]
Partly improved	[illegible]
Coarse carpet, light	[illegible]
Coarse, carpet, heavy or sandy	[illegible]
Black	[illegible]

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

THE ANTLERS.

Geo W. Martin, Denver; A. S. Alexander, M. D., Plymouth, England; G. B. Spencer and wife, Miss Spencer, New Orleans; E. A. Kent, Denver; Thos. W. Porter, wife and baby, Denver; Mrs. B. F. Dunstant, B. F. Dunavant, W. H., Dunavant, Memphis, Tenn.; Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Chittenden and two children, Burlington, Ia.; Miss Sherley, Raymond Sharley, Mrs. Graham, Mrs. Ashley, Manitou; E. Clifford, Denver; J. B. Wheeler, Manitou; H. Lyle, Glenwood Springs; D. R. C. Brown, wife and daughter, Aspen; C. A. Hawks, St. Paul, Minn.; E. E. Ingalls, Denver; Clarence Wells, Topeka, Kan.; Alfred Rose, Clarendon, Tex.; H. W. Hutting, Muscatine, Ia.; C. R. Tuttle, Denver; G. H. Worthington, Chicago; B. Bodenheimer, New York; Anthony Sneve, Denver; R. C. Gemmell, Topeka; S. M. Shattuck, Denver; C. I. Millard, Denver, Colo.; W. L. Wagner, New York; Rev. J. H. Knowles, Chicago; E. C. Malahy, Richmond, Ind.; Mrs. K. Lear, E. R. Barton and family, Denver; J. E. Clark, New York; Jas. Kirk, Detroit; Mamie Rondeiro, Fresno, Cala.

THE ALAMO.

Mrs. M. Meinein, St. Louis; Mrs. F. H. Wood and children, Aurora, Ill.; W. S. Baker, Chicago; H. Murray, Denver; Victor J. Burr, New York City; W. R. Thompson, Canton, Mo.; R. C. Bowdish, Leadville, Colo.; W. A. Jones, Aspen Junction; M. W. Van Fleet, Denver; R. M. Walper, Paton, N. M.; Mr. and Mrs. Corey and brother, McPherson, Ks.; George W. Bendick, McFearn; W. P. Fritch, St. Louis; A. M. Towne, Denver; John P. Chapman, Divide; John A. Jewett, wife and boy, Wichita; Miss B[illegible] Winters, Denver; Mrs. J. Hewitt, Mrs. W. H. Bowman, Keokuk; J. H. Coddington, New York; J. H. Burroughs, H. Riddison and wife, Denver; R. I. Parks, Kansas City; Miss Mamie Broderick, Boston; Samuel St[illegible] wife and children, La Junta, Col.; J. A. Curran, Denver; Louis Abrams, Dallas, Tex.; J. S. [illegible], W. Mee[illegible], Grand Forks, N. D.; J. A. [illegible]; [illegible]; J. D. Mathe[illegible], C. J. [illegible], Geo. R. M. McLeod, Wm. G. Hoyt and wife, Philadelphia.

[illegible] to Wed.

New York, Aug. 4.—Miss Emma Comfort, only child of Major Samuel Comfort of the the Standard Oil company, will be married to-morrow at Lenallton, Pa., to Harry Crook[illegible], a [illegible] of Erie, ranking high in the court of the Kedive. Miss Comfort is one of the most beautiful women in New York, and became [illegible] to the [illegible] during his visit to [illegible] for [illegible] Saturday.

BAD FOR THE LAWMAKER

THE GERMAN BARON'S DIFFERENT POINTS OF VIEW

His Dislike for Money Lenders Once Got Him Into Trouble—He Was a Strong Advocate of the Law but Didn't Think It Applied to His Case

Freiherr Marschall von Bieberstein, the state secretary for foreign affairs who accompanied his imperial master the German emperor on his trip to Great Britain while a member of the reichstag in 1858 very unexpectedly found himself in an embarrassing position, as a result of his activity in securing the passage of a law relating, briefly, to the Jews, the story of which was related yesterday by Mr Moses Oppenheimer, of 85 Broadway.

I have met the baron many a time" said Mr Oppenheimer at the Mannheim Chess club of which we both were members. He is an ambitious man and was much pleased when he was in 1878 elected to the reichstag, the first ultra Conservative member that had obtained a victory in Baden. He was very active in the German parliament being one of the brightest as well as the most aggressive men in that rather dull conglomerate the ultra Conservative party. His prominent participation in the enactment of the antiusury law resulted in a rather funny complication.

"I happened to know personally the other actor in the story and I have my information directly from him. His name was Louis Altheimer, a well-to-do Hebrew residing in Mannheim and living on the proceeds of a snug fortune which he had amassed in his youth in the United States.

CALLED THEM BLOODSUCKERS.

"Altheimer's specialty was to lend money to officers of the army to officials and others of that class of society on their promissory notes. His regular charge was 12 per cent per annum. He would of course accommodate only people who seemed to be good pay. As a rule he would extend the note from time to time on payment of the interest provided he had no fear of suffering a loss.

"In those days Baron Marschall's father was yet alive and in possession of his moderate estate. The young prosecuting attorney had to get along in the main on his rather modest salary. He managed it pretty well until he had some trouble with a young woman. It would never do for the rising young courtier and conservative statesman to have the scandal made public, and to hush it up about 5,000 marks in cash was absolutely required. The baron entered into negotiations with Mr Altheimer and secured the loan of his note. The interest was paid promptly, and the little bill was extended several times without any difficulty.

"In advocating the antiusury bill in the reichstag Baron Marschall delivered a vehement speech against blood sucking usurers, especially those of Hebrew descent. The law as passed, largely owing to Marschall's persistency, was exceedingly vague in its provisions, leaving it practically to the discretion of the courts to say whether in any given case the taking of more than 6 per cent. was criminal usury, punishable by imprisonment at hard labor and by fines.

WOULD NOT RENEW.

"The session of the reichstag closed, the baron returned to Mannheim and resumed the duties of his office. Meanwhile his note for 5,000 marks, held by Mr Altheimer, was soon to fall due. The baron wrote a note to his creditor, asking him to call and arrange for an extension of time under the usual conditions. Altheimer replied briefly in writing that under the new antiusury law he did not feel safe in continuing to lend money in his former way, and therefore proposed to go into some other business, where his capital would yield him legitimate profits. He notified the baron that the note would be presented for collection.

"This turn of affairs was embarrassing for the young statesman. He wrote again to Mr. Altheimer, saying that the usury act was never intended for cases like his, and could not apply to their relation. He urged a renewal of the note as a perfectly safe and sensible transaction.

"A reply soon came from the Hebrew acknowledging the baron's good intentions as well as his legal acumen, but at the same time pointing to the fact that the interpretation of the law was left entirely to the courts.

"'Under these circumstances,' Altheimer continued, 'I do not feel disposed to put my neck into the halter. I cannot renew your note. You have been accommodated so far by one of the much abused Hebrew usurers at his own terms. Your popularity and your position will probably induce some of your Christian friends to lend you the amount without security on perfectly legal interest.'

"Mr. Altheimer's note, it is needless to add, was promptly paid. Marschall subsequently became the diplomatic representative of the grand duke of Baden at Berlin, and still later he was appointed under secretary of state in the foreign office, filling the place formerly occupied by Count Herbert Bismarck."—New York Sun.

Queer Superstitions About Stones.

The most wonderful properties were ascribed to the chimerical stones which many creatures were supposed to carry in their heads. Most readers have no doubt heard of the precious jewel which the toad carries in his brain box, and so called toad stones, which were in reality the teeth of fossil fish, were formerly worn in finger rings as a protection against poisons, at the presence of which they were supposed to change color. It was thought that the best stones were those voluntarily ejected by the living toads, but as the latter were not addicted to freely giving up their treasures in that way, it was necessary to procure the coveted articles by other means, and the recognized method was to decapitate the hapless batrachian at the instant he swallowed his breath.

The feat naturally demanded considerable celerity, such as could only have been acquired by constant practice; and it is not unreasonable, therefore, to presume that although the endeavors to gain possession of the jewels were perhaps numerous, they must invariably have been unsatisfactory, especially to toads. The eagle stone was considered an excellent thing to wear during pregnancy, and the swallow carried in its stomach stones of great medicinal value. Chambers' Journal.

No Free Lunch in England

Free lunches are unknown in England. An American who eats crackers or cakes at the bar and nibbles one of either is promptly surprised with a demand for another two cents. There is a lunch department in nearly every place, however where for a few pennies one may get a [illegible] of bread [illegible] the [illegible] butter being invariably the [illegible] and [illegible] are pickles and, in fact, everything except the contents of the cruet stand. Chicago [illegible].

The Granite [illegible] in the United States

A recent census report announces that in the United States the total value of the output for the production of granite for the calendar year ending [illegible] [illegible] while according to the [illegible] only [illegible]

Massachusetts or 19 per cent. The four most productive states according to the census of 1900 were Massachusetts, Maine, California and Connecticut, in the order named, and the four states having the greatest percentage increase of productiveness since 1890 are Minnesota, New York, Delaware and Georgia.

ROYALTY SMILED ON THE MATCH.

The Wedding of Prince Aribert and Princess Louise at Windsor.

The marriage of Princess Louise, of Schleswig Holstein, to Prince Aribert of Anhalt has taken place in St George's chapel, of Windsor castle, with all the pomp of royalty and all aristocratic England has been in a flutter over it for a month. Queen Victoria and her immediate family of course occupied the place of honor, with the young emperor of Germany as her guest. The Prince of Wales escorted the German empress. The archbishop of Canterbury performed the service, and the bride moved up the aisle preceded by the choir of St. George singing a hymn composed for the occasion by the bishop of Ripon.

The situation was strongly suggestive of many important events in recent history and the mixed relationship of the various parties presents a study in the complexities of royal and princely dynasties. The German emperor, to begin with is the grandson of Queen Victoria, and the bride of the occasion is her granddaughter, but though the bride's father is a prince and her mother a princess, they have lived all their married life in England, their residence being Cumberland Lodge, and the bride has passed most of her life at Windsor castle, one of the residences of her royal grandmother.

ARIBERT. LOUISE.

When Frederick, Duke of Augustenburg, gave up his claims to the long disputed Schleswig Holstein, and that principality was absorbed by Prussia, his son, Prince Christian, went to England, and on July 5, 1866, was married to the Princess Helena, third daughter of Queen Victoria. Parliament did the handsome thing, voting the young couple an outfit of £30,000 and an annuity of £6,000. Their fourth child, Louise, born Aug. 12, 1872, was the bride on the recent occasion, and the groom was Prince Aribert, fourth son of the reigning Duke of Anhalt, which is a principality allowed to maintain its ancient independence, although it is nearly surrounded by Prussian territory.

Prince Aribert was born in 1864, and in consideration of the fact that his father aided the Germans with all his force and was personally active in several of the battles of the Franco Prussian war of 1870, Germany has guaranteed succession and family rights in Anhalt. Present at the wedding were the parents of both parties, the royal family of England, the German emperor and empress and attendant noblemen and ladies, and a gorgeous array of titled gentlemen and ladies of both nations. The bride wore the same Honiton point lace worn by her mother at her marriage, and made over for that occasion from the dress designed by Prince Albert for Queen Victoria, and the merest outline sketch of the dresses of the six bridesmaids and other ladies fills many columns of English papers. The newly married pair proceeded directly to Berlin, where they will reside.

The Reign of the Bicycle.

It is estimated that at least 1,000,000 pounds of rubber are annually used for bicycle tires. The oldest patron of the productive wheel says a newspaper correspondent, lives in Connecticut. His name is Michael Cullen. He is seventy years old and rides daily from his home in Plainville to his work in the Bristol Bell and Clock shop. Mr. Cullen has worked in the Bristol shop for twelve years, and used to walk to and from his labor, but a year ago he learned to ride a wheel and now he glides back and forth between Plainville and Bristol with the swiftness of the wind. The distance between the places is three miles, and it is an exhilarating spectacle to see the old gentleman, his long white hair floating on the breeze, careering like mad along the country road. Mr Cullen is as spry and hale as most men at thirty years of age and can easily ride his wheel at the rate of ten or twelve miles an hour.

Some Ohio River Statistics.

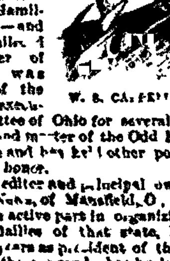
A recent census bulletin gives some interesting figures regarding the Ohio river. The number of miles of navigable water on the Ohio and its tributaries is 923, excluding the 360 miles from Cincinnati to the mouth of the Ohio. The cost of improvements on these waters was $12,190,712, which is equivalent to $8,694 per mile of navigable route. The total number of [illegible], including ferry [illegible], reported during the year covered by the census investigation was 2,5[illegible], and the total number of tons of freight moved was 10,744,[illegible]. The ton mileage of this freight movement has been carefully computed to be equivalent to 2,0[illegible].

Distinguished French Invalids.

Two illustrious invalids are just now objects of sympathetic interest in France. Gounod's health has become so badly shattered as to forbid his doing any work whatsoever, and his physicians have denied him the sight of callers. The other distinguished sick man is De Lesseps, who hold on life is regarded as very slight. He is eighty seven, and lacks the physical vitality to rally from the illness that has prostrated him.

An Active Man Chosen President.

Hon. W. S. Cappeller, president elect of the National Editorial association, has long been active in Ohio politics and journalism, and whatever he has taken hold of he has generally made a success. He first came into general notice as auditor of Cincinnati—that is, of Hamilton county—and then as railroad commissioner of Ohio. He was chairman of the Republican executive committee of Ohio for several years, has been grand master of the Odd Fellows of that state and has held other positions of trust and honor.



W. S. CAPPELLER.

He is now editor and principal owner of The Daily News, of Mansfield, O., and as such took an active part in organizing the associated dailies of that state, having served four years as president of the association. All these years he has busied himself in politics, and has been a delegate to almost every national editorial meeting, being a ready and sparkling speaker, as well as writer. His family consists of a wife, three daughters and two sons.

What a Steamer Captain Saw.

An unusual spectacle is said to have been witnessed [illegible] night by Captain Otis Ing[illegible], of the [illegible] Pendleton, off the [illegible] they [illegible] could [illegible] the [illegible] on [illegible] island, [illegible] of [illegible] harbor, Cape Kittery [illegible] island and Monhegan [illegible] unprecedented in his experience. As the distance from Thatcher's Island to Monhegan is eighty-seven miles, the clearness of the atmosphere can be imagined. The only time when all these lights were reported to have been seen before was by Captain Rolz a number of years ago.

For Once It Was the Cat.

The ubiquitous rodent is always the bete noir of timid females. [illegible] the antics of two young women produced a considerable commotion in a railway car that was just entering Hinton. The girls [illegible] to calm themselves sufficiently to tell the conductor in confidence that they believed it was a rat. The conductor [illegible] through several thick [illegible] when [illegible]

"BROADMOOR"

Casino Amusements for To-day:

Lunch in Casino, table d'hote, - - at 1 P. M.—$1.00

Afternoon Concert - - - - - - at 4

Dinner, table d'hote, - - - - - at 6—$1.25

This Evening, Grand Vocal and Instrumental Concert by

ROSNER'S HUNGARIAN ORCHESTRA OF BROADMOOR,

ASSISTED BY

The Mendelssohn Male Quartette Club of Denver.

IN THE CASINO CLUB AT 8 O'CLOCK.

PROGRAMME.

"War March of the Priests," from "Athalia," - - - - - - - Mendelssohn	*"Ave Maria," for violin, cello, organ and piano - - - - - - - Bach-Gounod*
Overture, "Fingal's Cave," - - - Mendelssohn	*Messrs. Stark, Seyb, Rosner and Marcus.*
Song, "Hark, the Trumpet," - - D. Buck	*The Owl and the Pussy Cat - - DeKoven*
Mendelssohn Quartette.	*Mendelssohn Quartette.*
Dance Macabre - - - - - Saint Saens	*Serenade, "Under the Balcony," for strings, R. Wuerst*
"Reverie" - - - - - - Storch	*"Evening Shades," - - - - Bailey*
Mendelssohn Quartette	*Mendelssohn Quartette.*
Overture, "Rienzi," - - - - R. Wagner	*"Spring Song," - - - - Mendelssohn*

Admission to Grounds and Concert 50 Cents.

Tickets on Sale at Robinson's, The Broadmoor Office, and the Principal Hotels of Colorado Springs and Manitou.

NOB HILL | NOB HILL

NEW MAPS of COLORADO SPRINGS and NOB HILL are ready for distribution at the office of A. A. McGovney, 113 Kiowa Street. The first addition to Nob Hill has just been placed on the market. Its location makes it the most desirable addition in the market.

NOB HILL | NOB HILL

convinced it proved to be a playful kitten. It [illegible] got away from him scrambled over the bald head of a sleeping gentleman from Cambridge, and tried to hide itself in the glass globe of a trainman's lantern.

Organized Protest Against Fashion.

Many protests are heard at [illegible] in [illegible] against the [illegible] dictates of fashion, but this protest [illegible] are generally individual and do not voice the desire of a community. In Berlin, however, they are now endeavoring to bring about a so called reform through organization and agitation. A "German League for Combating the Frivolities of Fashion" [illegible] been founded and has published its statutes. It is open to any person of either sex who will promise seriously to join in the struggle against the enslaving and tyrannical goddess "La Moda," though ladies only are to be known as "members," while gentlemen will have to be content with the modest title of "friends." The subscription is fixed at the [illegible] sum of twelve cents a year (fifty pfennig). Among the names of the founders occur those of Countess Fabrice, the well known actress Fraulein Marie Meyer, and the painter Vilma Parlaghy. The League intends to publish an anti-fashion periodical, which is to appear under the title of Der Fingel.

A Insect

"What would you do if you had a voice like mine?" said Blubs, who is rather proud of his basso profundo.

"I'd take it out into the woods and yell with it till it bu'st," said De Garry, who prefers his own tenor. Harper's Bazar.

A seeker after curious and little known facts has discovered that all the presidents of the United States save William Henry Harrison had blue eyes.

[illegible] to Colorado Springs and Manitou for [illegible]

A COLORADO GEM.

Is the Burlington Train No. 2, which leaves Denver at 8:10 p. m. every day in the year arriving at Chicago at 8:00 a. m. St. Louis 7:30 a. m. [illegible]. This is a solid vestibule train with all [illegible] known to [illegible] Palace [illegible] cars, [illegible] All chair cars have a porter in attendance whose duty it is to look after the [illegible]. No change of cars of any class on this train between Denver, Lincoln, Omaha, Chicago, St. Joe and St. Louis. Parties [illegible] via this route [illegible] to points beyond [illegible] through sleeping car service [illegible] by calling to any ticket agent or G. W. Vallery, No. [illegible] Denver, Colo.

DID YOU EVER [illegible] RESORTS?

[illegible] Pullman buffet [illegible] Springs [illegible] City and St. [illegible] to Union [illegible] to the east. C. A. Tripp, General W[illegible] Agent, 1[illegible] Lawrence [illegible].

WHEN YOU GO EAST

[illegible] This [illegible] to this in the [illegible] the Great Rock Island route as this is the best line via [illegible] Colorado Springs [illegible] to Chicago [illegible] City, [illegible] with all lines [illegible] For full information call on or [illegible] W. W. WOOD, Ticket and [illegible]

WAGON [illegible] GAP.

[illegible]

CHEAP RATES TO THE MOUNTAINS.

The Colorado Midland railway, [illegible] have in effect cheap round trip rates to all the Ute Pass [illegible], on Sundays, the round trip rates from Colorado Springs will be as follows: To Iron Springs, 25c; Cascade, Ute Park, and Green Mountain Falls 50c; Woodland Park, 75c. On week days, to Iron Springs, 35c; Cascade, Ute Park, and Green Mountain Falls, 75c; Woodland Park, $1. All round trip tickets are good to stop off at any point.

Ain't it nice?

What?

Bathing in the surf at the sea [illegible].

Yes, and the pleasure of the trip is greatly increased by taking the Missouri Pacific Railway which is the only line [illegible] free reclining chair cars and Pullman buffet sleeping cars from Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo to Kansas City and St. Louis without change, connecting with all through lines to the east. C. A. Tripp, General W[illegible] Agent, 1012 Lawrence street, Denver, Colo.

You need not [illegible], but visit Sandusky or Cleveland, after attending the G. A. R. [illegible] at Detroit, Mich. Go via the Union Pacific.

A DAY IN DENVER

In order to secure it take the Santa Fe train at 4:25 or 8:00 a. m., which will give you almost the whole day in Denver. Trains returning leave at 5:00 and 5:15 p. m.

The [illegible]
Does what?
Runs Free reclining chair cars
and Pullman buffet sleeping cars
Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo
through to Kansas City and St. Louis
without change.
The Missouri Pacific.
C. A. Tripp, General Western Passenger Ag't.
1012 Lawrence st., Denver, Colo.

RIO GRANDE.

Trains to Denver [illegible] a. m. 10:10 a. m. 7:00 p. m. and 8:30 p. m. 7:00 a. m., 1:00 a. m. To Pueblo 10:20 a. m. 11:55 a. m. 4:25 p. m. 8:55 p. m., 10:15 p. m. 10:30 p. m. [illegible] with all Eastern trains.

Our citizens who have used the [illegible] tourist cars on the [illegible] Santa Fe [illegible] down. These cars are reliably [illegible] and the chairs as comfortable as the finest parlor chair, and to be compared with the ordinary chair cars; [illegible] is new.

Denver and Rio Grande R. R. six daily trains;

Round trip to Denver	$4 10
Round trip to Pueblo	2 30

Through tickets to all points at the lowest rates. No. 16 North Tejon street. New Bank [illegible].

TO DENVER

Rock Island fast trains to Denver leave Colorado Springs at 9:30 a. m. and 4:20 p. m., arriving Denver 12 [illegible] and 7 p. m. Returning leave Denver 8:45 a. m. and 4:25 p. m., arriving Colorado Springs 11:15 a. m. and 8 p. m. $4.10 for the round trip.

NEW SUBURBAN TRAINS

Beginning Sunday, July 28, the Colorado Midland will have six suburban trains each way a day to accommodate the people visiting Ute Pass. Trains will leave the A. T. & S. F. and Midland depot as follows: 1:30 a. m., 8:10 a. m., 10:15 a. m., 1:30 p. m., 3:00 p. m. and 5:00 p. m. They will arrive at 1:00 a. m., 10:45 a. m., 12:25 p. m., 4:10 p. m., 6:55 p. m. and 7:30 p. m. The train leaving at 10:15 a. m. will go to Florissant. The other trains go as far as Woodland Park.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE.

Glen Park 3 day tickets $1.50 [illegible] Saturday 3 day tickets $1.25 Chautauqua Assembly, 1 day tickets $1

Detroit, St. Louis and Cincinnati [illegible] Colorado Springs by the Great Rock Island Route. Round trip rates [illegible] as follows:

Detroit and return	[illegible]
St. Louis and return	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible] before making any [illegible] what [illegible] do in way of [illegible] W. W. [illegible]

IT DON'T COST ANYTHING

More to travel via the Great Rock Island route, and enjoy all the advantages of this popular road than it does via inferior lines. Ticket office, 12 Pike's Peak avenue.

LATEST AND BEST

These parlor chair cars on the Santa Fe route trains between Denver and Pueblo. A decided improvement over the ordinary chair cars on other roads. Trains carrying these leave for Pueblo at 10:25 a. m. and for Denver at 5:20 p. m.

CHEAP RATES.

Detroit and return	$37 65
St. Louis and return	31 65
Cincinnati and return	38 15

Via the Union Pacific Ry. Ticket office, 11 Pike's Peak avenue.

THE TRAVELER'S MASCOT

Is the Great Rock Island route, with its splendid vestibule trains; its [illegible] dining car service; its corps of polite and courteous employes; its smooth, level track, and everything [illegible] to make a strictly first class railway route. Ticket office, No. 12 Pike's Peak ave.

A COOL RELAXATION

Awaits the tourist at the [illegible] and [illegible] attend his trip if he takes the Missouri Pacific Railway which is the only line running free reclining chair cars and Pullman buffet sleeping cars from Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo through to Kansas City and St. Louis without change, connecting directly with all the through lines to the east. C. A. Tripp, General Western P[illegible] Agent, 1012 Lawrence street, Denver, Colo.

CHOOSE YOUR ROUTE.

If you are thinking of going to California call at the Santa Fe ticket office in the Opera House Block and get information of the excellent [illegible] service will apply if you are contemplating a trip to any point in Texas and Santa Fe line over [illegible] affords the best [illegible]. Tourist rates to Pacific coast cities all the year [illegible].

CALIFORNIA

[illegible]

Have two daily trains through to Salt Lake and San Francisco without change. Chair cars [illegible] first improved Pullman sleeping. [illegible] Ticket office, 16 North Tejon street.

WORDS OF PRAISE

Are heard on every side, from the traveling public, for the tourist [illegible] service of the Santa Fe route. It is justly said that the Chicago vestibuled express is the finest train by all odds, that comes into Colorado. The very latest improvements in palace cars. Unexcelled dining car service. No change of cars between Colorado Springs and Chicago.

The special Pullman sleeping car left at Colorado Springs, daily, in which space may be secured at the city ticket office in the Opera House Block. Telephone 31. C. C. HOYT, Agent.

BELLEVUE SANITARIUM.

Accommodations can be obtained in this institution. Terms from $[illegible] a week upward, according to [illegible].

Apply to the Institution, at the Sanitarium, East Huerfano street.

PEALE & PEALE

Investment, Real Estate and Live Stock Ag'ts.
PEALE, PEALE & MERRIMAN,
City and country auctioneers. Orders for [illegible], at auction, and all kind of [illegible] in our line carefully solicited. 224 South Tejon, up stairs.

WANTED.

First class female cook for boarders at Manitou.

[illegible]

$10 REWARD

[illegible]

WANTED Position [illegible] box [illegible] Manitou.

WANTED [illegible] Apply by letter [illegible] to D. G [illegible].

WANTED [illegible] to D. G. [illegible]

WANTED [illegible] [illegible] avenue.

WANTED [illegible] Excellent [illegible] W. W. [illegible]

WANTED—A [illegible] girl [illegible] and ironing. Apply Mrs. [illegible]

WANTED [illegible] patent recently [illegible] 20 cents [illegible]

A RARE BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY [illegible]

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Houses to [illegible] in all parts of city. [illegible] of [illegible] day [illegible].

TO RENT—Three fu[illegible] rooms [illegible] 315 South W[illegible].

TO RENT—At Manitou [illegible] furnished for light [illegible] Catholic church [illegible] G. H. C[illegible].

TO RENT—Two [illegible] E. Kiowa.

TO RENT—[illegible] A. L. P[illegible].

TO RENT [illegible]

FOR RENT—[illegible]

TO RENT—Cottage of [illegible] six [illegible] painted and papered [illegible] tenants. 104 Pike's Peak av.

TO RENT 5 room house, [illegible] bath and furnace [illegible] location. Chas. L. Tutt & Co., 12 Pike's [illegible]

TO RENT—Two office [illegible] in center of city; [illegible] Edward Ferris, 104 Pike's Peak av.

TO RENT A fine [illegible] in the Midland [illegible]

TO RENT—[illegible]

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE We have [illegible] Cheyenne [illegible] Call [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible] Dr. D. P. [illegible]

FOR SALE Hay, alfalfa. [illegible]

FOR SALE [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible] E. F. Clark.

FOR SALE—[illegible]

[illegible]

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GENERAL NEWS.

THE GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5, 1891.

Mr. M. W. Baldwin, of Woodland Park, [illegible] in the city yesterday.

County Attorney Le Fever, of Arapahoe [illegible] doing business in the city [illegible].

Weyand Bros. report an immense sale of their $14.50 suits as advertised for the last few days.

Dinner at the Casino this evening will be served at 6 o'clock to give the diners an opportunity to hear the concert.

Attention is called to an advertisement for a lost pocket book owned by Mr Armstrong. The finder will be liberally rewarded.

The Antlers hotel has a handsome new cabinet upon their office desk. It is silver plated and covered with advertisements of business houses.

Myrtle Lodge K. of P., No. 31 has work in the third degree this evening. Candidates and team will please bear it in mind. Visitors welcome.

Tickets for the concert at the Casino to-night are 50 cents and can be purchased at the company's office at Robinson's drug store and the hotels.

The electric road will make every effort to take care of the people that attend the concert at the Casino to-night, in the way of extra cars, trailers etc.

George T. Witten yesterday sold and delivered five of the latest pattern Victor safety bicycles, all cushion tired. This is the largest sale of wheels ever made in the city.

A license to marry was issued yesterday to H. N. Abby and Daisy B. Green both of Woodland Park. The young lady is 15 years of age and both parents gave a written consent.

A game of base ball was played yesterday between the young ladies ball club and a picked nine of young gentlemen who donned skirts to even up the game. The young ladies won.

To-morrow the First Presbyterian Sunday school will hold its regular summer picnic at Cheyenne canon. The [illegible] will go by the electric cars, leaving the corner of Tejon and Bijou streets about 9 o'clock.

At the Country club grounds this afternoon will be played a game of ball between the Country club team and the Cliff house team from Manitou. An interesting game is promised and there will probably be a good attendance.

At the Broadmoor Casino this evening occurs the concert with the Hungarian band and the Mendelssohn Male quartette of Denver as the attraction. A large audience will undoubtedly be present from the best people in the city. Tickets are 50 cents each, which admit to the grounds.

The Westerfer Family band is a late arrival in the city. The band is composed of a man and his four children, three boys and a girl. The youngest is ten and the oldest twelve years, probably the youngest band in the world. Each child plays a brass instrument. They played in the south park yesterday afternoon.

The Great International Railroad shows pitched their tents in this city yesterday afternoon and gave exhibitions afternoon and evening on Sierra Madre street opposite the Antlers park. The show was well attended and the performances were good. The principal features of the entertainment were the performances given by some very able acrobats and some well done trapeze acting.

During the absence of Rev Richard Montague, pastor of the First Baptist church who begins his summer vacation next week, the pulpit will be filled as follows: August 16, Rev G. S. Merrill, August 23, Rev A. H. Stote, of Lawrence, Kan; August 30 Mr C. W. Chamberlain assistant pastor of the First Baptist church of Denver, September 6, Rev. G. B. Eager, D. D., Anniston, Ala., September 13, the same; September 20, Rev F. W. Hart.

At the time that the three girls were arrested and sent to the House of the Good Shepherd, there were two men connected with the case whom the police could not find. On Monday one of the men was found and fined under the name of "George." The name of the other is Robert McCauley, and the police have not been able to arrest him. Through misinformation, THE GAZETTE printed the name Robert McCoy yesterday morning. As there is only one Robert McCoy in town, and he is not that kind of a person, an injustice was done.

Mr. J. T. Griggsby called at this office last evening to exhibit a specimen of ore from the Cripple Creek diggings. Mr Griggsby has a piece of ore that Mr Cone assayed for him that shows $192 to the ton in gold. He states that he has a vein of the ore that is four feet wide and that extends the whole length of the claim. This he calls the "Star of the West." He returns to camp to-day with the proper material for sinking a shaft. Mr Griggsby says there is a great deal of enthusiasm at the camp just now over the finds of late, and that stamp mills are to be put in at once. There is not a right-minded person in Colorado Springs who does not join in the hope that the wildest dreams of those who are devoting themselves to the new camp may be realized.

The Giants Victorious.

The ball game between the Stillman Giants of this city and the Black Diamonds of Denver resulted in a great victory for the home team yesterday afternoon. The Black Diamonds, the "champion colored nine of the state," came down to Colorado Springs as a great favor to teach the home team how to play ball. Five innings were played during which the visitors hit the ball once. In the last half of the last inning they made two scores by an error, after which achievement they concluded that they had played enough, and left the Stillmans victors, with the score as follows:

Stillmans	7	9	6	1	3—26
Diamonds	0	0	0	0	2—2

Umpire—Will Carter.

The giants are open for a challenge.

Dr. W. H. Shipps, the physician of Mrs. Parnell, who was recently bitten by a dog received a telegram from Charles Parnell asking if it was necessary to have his mother sent to Paris for treatment by Dr. Pasteur. Dr. Shipps replied that his patient was getting along nicely.

STORY OF A RUSSIAN.

IF IT IS TRUE HE HAS HAD HIS FULL SHARE OF ADVENTURE.

He is But Thirty-eight Years Old and Has Escaped from the Mines of Siberia. How He Made His Way to America. His Fall from a Balloon and Escape.

Recently there came to Boston a man whose history was probably never equaled by anybody, and probably will never be. The man was Ivan Orloff, a Russian, who was born in St. Petersburg about thirty-eight years ago. One of the most important things in the history of his wonderful career is the fact that he is one of a few who have escaped from the coal mines of Siberia.

Orloff arrived in this city from New York. One of the hottest days of the year he was overcome by the heat at the north end. Some passersby who noticed his condition came to his aid and gave him some whisky, while another stole from him a new electric battery which he had bought recently.

On regaining consciousness he inquired his way to the nearest police station and was directed to station 1. Upon his arrival there he asked Captain Cain if he could not lie down and rest for a while. The good natured officer of course said yes, and the man, soon after sitting down in the guardroom began to doze. The captain, noticing his condition sent for Dr. Elliott.

The stranger was then taken to the surgery room and examined by the doctor and his assistant, Dr Dunn, who applied the usual restoratives. The doctors told him to keep quiet and that he would soon be all right, but he appeared to be so nervous that he excited the suspicions of not only the doctors, but the police. In his pockets Captain Cain found a lot of instruments. Upon being questioned he informed the people in the room that they were musical instruments.

"Can you play?" asked Captain Cain.

"Well, a little," was Orloff's reply.

ESCAPE FROM SIBERIA'S MINES.

He was then invited to go to the parlor of the house, where he was shown the piano. The first piece he played was a selection from Mendelssohn, and never before, and probably never again, was such music heard inside the walls of the station. After he had played numerous fine selections the officers and doctors became greatly interested in him, and began questioning him. As a result he told a story, which was as follows:

He was born in St. Petersburg, Russia and was a student in a medical college in that place. One day the rooms of the students were raided and a lot of inflammatory documents and seditious papers were found in his room. However, he would not admit that they belonged to him. He was arrested and sentenced to Siberia where he was put at work in the coal mines, from which he managed to escape.

Assuming the role of an Englishman this he being able to do as he speaks English very fluently as well as the other languages, he was easily enabled to work his way through the country without being detected as he was penniless. After a good deal of traveling and suffering he managed to reach western China. Arriving there he was arrested on the charge of stealing food.

"The residents of this portion of China are exceedingly barbarous, and without trial I was sentenced to have my head chopped off. However, luck was again with me, and by some hook or crook an English official heard of my predicament. After a great deal of hard work he managed to secure my release.

"I started across China again, all the time being afraid I would be arrested and sent back to [illegible] mines. However, I finally managed to get a job aboard a vessel and shipped to America, landing at San Francisco.

A MIRACULOUS ESCAPE.

"During the Franco-Prussian war I was in the French army commanded by McMahon, but I was directly under Marshal Bazaine."

He then launched from his own history and told of the surrender of Metz to the Germans and the escape of Bazaine to England.

Continuing his story, he said:

"During the war, while the Germans were besieging the city, two companions and myself were sent up in a captive balloon (one which had a long rope tied to the ground) to ascertain the number of the opposing army. When in midair the balloon was struck by a shell, causing the airship to explode.

"My companions and myself fell to the ground, my companions being instantly killed, while I was knocked senseless and the bones of my arms, feet and hands being broken in several places. My skull was also fractured.

"I was in the hospital at Metz for over a year. After leaving Metz I traveled considerably and was in Alexandria at the time of the siege by the British early in the eighties."

Here the man, who must bear a charmed life, showed the doctors and the police his body, which, to say the least, was a "sight." His arms, hands, legs and feet plainly showed that they had been broken. Upon examining his skull the physicians found inserted in his head a piece of platinum of silver, where his scalp was missing.

Orloff told more about his life, which is full of exciting incidents. Owing to the injuries with which this wonderful man has met his system is naturally a very nervous one. A hot atmosphere always affects him and he is easily overcome. His normal temperature is 96.2.—Boston Record.

A Stage Subject.

A good stage subject occurs in a recent volume of memoirs. Two men fight with small swords in a drawing room, while somebody plays a piano to drown the clash of swords. Make this some one a lady, make her keenly interested in the duel, and we think you have a fairly attractive stage scene—especially if the lady brains the winner with a music stool. Or she can comfort the conquerer with her blandishments.—Saturday Review.

A Claim by the Vegetarians.

According to the opinions delivered at a field day of the London Vegetarian society the true remedy against drink has been found. A diet of grains, fruits and nuts, it is said will produce a healthy vigorous humanity and destroy all craving for artificial stimulants, alcoholic drinks and narcotics.

The President of Mexico.

Porfirio Diaz, president of Mexico, is described by an admirer as a "straight, dignified man of medium height, who impresses the beholder with his strength of character. There is nothing ostentatious about him. He dresses as quietly as a plain citizen of the republic, and exhibits a contempt for the gaudy regimentals in which many Central American leaders array themselves. He has a striking face and figure and is undoubtedly the greatest man of modern Mexico."

An Advocate of Vegetarianism.

The latest apostle of vegetarianism is Mrs. Carrica Le Favre. She declares that meat intemperance is worse than whisky intemperance, and that health and longevity are the sure results of a diet of fruit and cereals. She is trying to establish societies for the propagation of her views in New York, Chicago and Boston.

Paris has increased in population 7 per cent. during the last five years. In 1886 it had 2,260,945 inhabitants. Now it has 2,423,000.

D. & R. G. Earnings.

DENVER, August 4.—The estimated earnings of the Denver and Rio Grande railway for the month of July were $803,600, a decrease of $57,000 from the same period of last year. The total earnings for the last week of July were $260,500, a decrease of $13,300.

DIED.

DOYLE—At Colorado Springs Tuesday, August 5, 1891, of whooping cough the infant daughter of F. J. and Mary F. Doyle.

Pueblo papers please copy.

Announcement of Candidacy.

At the solicitation of my friends I hereby announce myself as a candidate for sheriff of El Paso county subject to the action of the Republican County Convention. If I should not prove to be their choice will support whom they may otherwise select in my stead.

E. L. MILLS,
Deputy Sheriff, Falcon, Colo.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. [illegible] days of the week [illegible]

HALLETT & BAKER
Undertakers.
No. 7 Cascade avenue [illegible]

MALLOCH & [illegible]
STENOGRAPHERS
ROOM 4 BANK BUILDING.

Get prices from Newton Lumber Co. [illegible]

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL
The [illegible] our city.

WHERE TO GET THEM
The celebrated [illegible] Hams and Golden [illegible] breakfast bacon may always be obtained in fresh supply of the following city grocers:

Hemenway & Bish	R. Hallhouse
Hoag & Bumstead	F. C. Sheldon
Thos Hughes	Frank Dutton & Co
Crane & Co. Colorado City	

CONSUMERS MEAT MARKET
Lewis Herman having returned will be glad to see all his old customers at 126 Pike's Peak avenue. We handle nothing but the best meat procurable. GREENWALD & HERMAN.

THE SODA PLUNGE
—AT THE—
BATH HOUSE
—OF THE—
MANITOU MINERAL WATER COMPANY
Is acknowledged to be one of the most delightful sensations that the average man or woman can compass. The permanent effect is to strengthen and invigorate the tired business man or woman or weakly invalid.

SOLID COMFORT FOR 25c
Allen Austin's Little Corn Thief will steal away your corns while you are sleeping.

WILL SELL OR TRADE FOR CATTLE, A GOOD BUSINESS ESTABLISHED 5 YEARS ADDRESS POSTOFFICE BOX 161 MANITOU COLO.

Green Mountain Falls has now got a first class Dining Hall at Dr Engleman's fine place. Ice Cream parlor connected.

See BOOY & POLEY'S "Aristo" Photos.

VISIT GRANT'S STORE, MANITOU.

Morgan & Headley, Leading Photographers.

FINEST Photographic portraits at Clinton's, 20 Pike's Peak avenue. Fine stationery, choice confectionery, Colorado views and Flower books latest novels.

Order the Globe Bottling Works Soda made from pure fruit juices, P. O. Box 341, Colorado City.

PIANOS AND ORGANS for sale or rent. 113 East Huerfano street.

THE PRIDE OF THE EARTH'
THE LATEST SINGER SEWING MACHINE
127 EAST HUERFANO.

Ranch for sale. Apply Antlers Livery.

QUALITY JUSTIFIES PRICE.
Gold Band hams and breakfast bacon are higher in price than less fancy stock, but best the world for quality.

THE IRON SPRINGS HOTEL.
At Manitou, Colo. within a few yards of Pike's Peak Railroad depot. Dinner at 12:30 in time for afternoon train to Peak. $3.00 to $4.00 per day. Save two bus fares between hotel and Pike's Peak depot.

The board of directors of School District No. 10 at [illegible] El Paso county hereby give notice that all bids to build school house have been rejected by said board. J. H. SHUMATE, President.

Get prices from Newton Lumber Co. on lime.

SPECTACLES fitted accurately at Ashby's.

Cleaning and Dyeing 110 South Tejon.

DR. E. J. HADFIELD northwest corner Nevada and Pike's Peak avenues.

CONANT
12 Pike's Peak corner Nevada. Telephone 17.
FRESH FISH, FRUIT, VEGETABLES.
TABLE DELICACIES.

Take your dinner at the Palace Dining Hall Green Mountain Falls. A first class dinner will be served on Sunday. Lunches and ice cream at any time.

A NOTED THIEF CORRALLED
By F. E. Robinson. Allen Austin's Little Corn Thief. A sure cure for hard and soft corns.

AT THE MONTEZUMA.
The celebrated [illegible] Mandolin Orchestra will play at this famous hotel at Las Vegas Hot Springs, New Mexico during July and August. Tourists desiring to catch a glimpse of New Mexico will do well to take the Santa Fe Route for Las Vegas Hot Springs before returning home. Round trip rate $15.25.

W. A. Davis, Undertaking 111 N. Tejon.

For Schlitz Milwaukee beer by the case barrel or keg address The Globe Bottling works P. O. Box 344 Colorado City. All goods delivered free.

See ASHBY'S special patterns in SOUVENIR SPOONS, Seven Falls, Signal House, Balance Rock, etc., etc. A full stock of Axis Cut Pebble lenses. They are expensive but the best and coolest to the eye. D. ASHBY, Optician.

CLINTON—Photographer removed to 20 Pike's Peak avenue. Choice stock of stationery confectionery, Colorado views and Flower books.

THE CUT IS COMING.
What Cut?
THE CUT DESCRIBING
Cream.
WHAT CREAM?
Cook's
Perfection
Cream FOR THE
Skin.
W. L. COOK,
Manitou, Colorado, or
WOODS & TORRENCE,
Colorado Springs.

RUXTON PARK
Special inducements to persons [illegible] build at [illegible] water from beautiful springs and streams [illegible] the property.
[illegible]
LOTS ARE SELLING
From $25 to $200
Terms to suit Purchaser.
T. T. PALSGROVE, Prop,
Half Way House.

CLOSING OUT SUMMER GOODS.
Ladies' and Children's Hats 25 to 50 Cents.
Nice Flowers from 10c up.
Chicago Store. | KIOWA STREET. P. ERICKSON

W. H. McIntyre,
Fire Insurance,
Represents the following Safe, Firmly Established and Reliable Companies:

	Assets.
Ins. Co. of North America of Philadelphia	$8,951,518
Hartford of Hartford	6,576,616
Phoenix of Hartford	5,621,814
Pennsylvania of Philadelphia	3,455,310
Continental of New York	5,557,915
Germania, of New York	3,196,615
American of Newark, N. J.	2,115,590
Orient of Hartford	1,931,934

The Best is the Cheapest.
MONEY TO LOAN
At Lowest Rates.
21, 22, 23 Hagerman Block.

THE P. O. S. OF A.
Building, Loan and Investment Association,
Of Colorado Springs, Colo.
The only local building and loan association doing business in El Paso county.
The best and easiest way to obtain a home in monthly installments. Over one hundred homes now being paid for in Colorado City and Colorado Springs through our association.
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J. H. THEDINGA, Sec'y,
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C. M. SHERMAN Collector for Colo. City.
Books now open for third series of stock.

A Great Explosion
May be caused by an innocent looking spark. A great mercantile sensation may be described by harmless looking type. Hence we inaugurate a sale which will cause
A Tremendous Uproar
In Colorado Springs. Too short a summer trade has driven us to make a summer closing sale at prices which will make
A Terrific Upheaval.
We ask your attention to these profit paralyzing prices.
TAKE YOUR CHOICE
Of Any Suit in Our House at
20 Per Cent Off
The marked prices. Remember all our goods are marked in plain figures.
All Men's, Boys' and Children's [illegible] to go at
20 Per Cent. Discount.
We ask your fixed attention to these prices.
H. C. SHIMP.
Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher,
15 North Tejon Street.

JUST IN!
A nice line of rich Cut Glass,
CROWN MILANO,
IRISH BELLEEK.
Latest Novelty Mushroom Flower Holders.
A. MATTHEWS,
26 North Tejon Street.

GODFREY KISSEL,
No. 104 Pike's Peak Ave.
FOR SALE.
Furnished house on North Tejon street.
Cottage of ten rooms on East Huerfano street.
Furnished house on North Weber street.
Cottage with all modern improvements stable etc. on North [illegible] street just above College Reservation. [illegible]
[illegible] facing south on North Cascade avenue. Very cheap.
Lot 100x190, near Union Depot.
Improved [illegible]
Seven room house on Cache la Poudre street with all modern improvements.
Large list of residential and business properties in Pueblo.
MONEY TO LOAN.

NEW.
Novel.
Useful.
THE
PERFECT CHAIR
For Piano,
Sewing Machine,
Or Typewriter.

OUR
$14.65
Chamber Suit
STILL LEADS THEM ALL
AT
114 and 116
PIKE'S PEAK AVE.
JOHN LENNOX.

A Pointer on Stationery.
Buy your Books and Billet Doux materials of Swain. Pen Pointers are his specialty, and everything in the line of Stationery can be supplied at rock bottom prices.
The "Bazaar." Opposite Antlers.

YEE SING LEE,
The New Store, 13 N. Cascade Avenue.
Imported Chinese and Japanese Goods!
SILKS AND TEAS.
Prices Very Low.

CHINA JIM,
IMPORTER OF
Chinese and Japanese Fancy Goods!
CURIOSITIES, BRONZE AND IVORY TOYS, ETC.
21 Pike's Peak Ave.

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE.
All my stock of goods will be offered for sale at cost. They include Chinese and Japanese curiosities, fine China, China silk and embroidery work and Japanese silk work.
All are cordially invited to call and examine my fine stock of goods.
LANG HING & CO.,
126 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

E. F. McCLOSKEY, Grocery and Produce HOUSE. Corner Cascade Ave and Huerfano St.	Best Butter IN THE CITY FOR THE MONEY.

WIRE, IRON,
—AND—
ELECTRICAL WORK!
Of Every Description,
Novelties, Model Making, and General Repair Work.
HASSELL & TALCOTT
24 West Huerfano Street.

LIVE TROUT.
Trout from 3 to 5 inches in length for sale for Stocking purposes. Price $40 per thousand. Can be delivered if desired.
Address
H. G. THORNTON,
Manitou Park.

BARGAINS
In Ladies, Children's and Gents
Fine Shoes!
MATT CONWAY,
No. 19 East Pike's Peak Avenue.

E. BRUSOE,
CONTRACTOR,
Builder and Jobber.
17 Bijou St. Colorado Springs.

H. H. Weller & Co.
DEALERS IN
FINE CARRIAGES.
Coupes, Victorias, Cabriolets, Surreys, Game Wagons, Phaetons, Buggies, Buckboards and Carts.
SOLE AGENTS OF
H. H. Babcock Buggy Co.
Largest Retailer [illegible] FAIRBANKS [illegible] In the City
LEATHER BELTING

Special Bargains.

MONDAY JULY 20 we will offer a Child's and Miss's Hose, fast black, for 15c per pair. Better than any in this market for 25c.
Also Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Vests for 15c, former price 25c.
Chenille Curtains $6 former price $8.
Chenille Curtains $8, former price $12.50.
Chenille Curtains $10, former price $15.
Remnants Wool Dress Goods, suitable for school dresses, at a 33⅓ per cent. discount. This will enable you to buy all wool French goods worth $1.25 per yard for 84 cents, the price of common American goods.
A large assortment of Ladies' Shirt waists at a discount of 33⅓ per cent.
Remnants of Body Brussels and Moquette Carpet 60 cents per yard.
Fancy Parasols at a reduction of 33⅓ per cent.
Giddings Bros. & Bent,
No. 31 South Tejon Street.

WILBUR & WOLF
Will Continue Their
HANDKERCHIEF SALE
During the Week.
Wilbur & Wolf,
NO. 22 SOUTH TEJON STREET.

JOHNSON'S DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.
I AM now showing new patterns in Ingrain and Brussels Carpets, Rugs, Linoleums and Draperies, and our prices the lowest to be found.
Respectfully,
N. O. JOHNSON,
22 and 24 Pike's Peak Avenue.

Chenille Covered
Spring Edge
Couches,
$11.75.

The De La Vergne Furniture Co.,
125 to 129 So. Tejon St.

ROBERTSON & DOLL CARRIAGE CO.
FIRST CLASS WORK
DENVER, COLORADO.

J. F. MACMILLAN,
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Bushwhacker,	Aspen Mining & Smelting Co.
Little Annie,	Pontiac,
Best Friend,	Della S.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

No. 9 [illegible] MATTHEW KENNEDY No. 9 [illegible]
Real Estate! Insurance!

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED.
Three room house, Cascade avenue, $[illegible]
House of 7 rooms, on High street, in good condition and well arranged for two families, $[illegible]
House of 7 rooms and barn [illegible]
House of 10 large rooms and bath, good closets etc., also stable and carriage house, corner [illegible] south and east front. $50.
Large boarding house, 21 rooms on So. Cascade, steam heat, electric lights, [illegible] first [illegible] sanitary plumbing [illegible]
5 room house, E. Cucharras St. $15.
5 room house East Pike's Peak avenue with [illegible] $25.
6 room house [illegible] on Cheyenne avenue.
5 room house North Nevada avenue $30.
9 room house Pike's Peak Ave. near Nevada in good condition throughout.
7 room house St. Vrain St. between Tejon and Cascade.

FOR RENT FURNISHED.
Very desirable [illegible] room house, Bijou St. This house is very convenient and desirable locality and in first class condition.
House of 9 rooms on North [illegible] on College Park. This [illegible] with bath, steam heat, electric [illegible] and every modern convenience [illegible] a reasonable rent to right party.
Very desirable [illegible] modern conveniences [illegible] throughout. [illegible] near car line.
Six room cottage in first class [illegible] on North Tejon St.
Six room house nice [illegible] street, only $50.

FRANK DUTTON & CO.
Do You Want a Camera?
CALL and get one of our Kodak or Hawkeye circulars, and then [illegible] and you will never regret it. Just think of sending home to your friends beautiful pictures of all of these wonders of nature. How much better a picture of the "Balancing Rock" would show what it looks like than all you could write in a week, pictures are EVER so much better than letters for describing the beauties of the surrounding country. Only think how cheap we sell everything in this Department. People have an idea it is a great expense to be an Amateur, but they are mistaken, for we can fit out a whole equipment developing [illegible] all for $23. We guarantee good pictures and also satisfaction, for we [illegible] more than one person happy by buying a Photographic Outfit.

IF YOU NOW OWN A CAMERA,
Remember we sell all supplies, and ABSOLUTELY PURE CHEMICALS at [illegible] less than druggists charge. For instance, Hypo 8c per pound. Anything you may need in Photo goods for Professional or Amateur that we haven't got we will order for you at New York catalogue prices.
SEED, CRAMER, EAGLE AND CARBUTT'S PLATES.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE
FIRST NATIONAL BANK!
Of Colorado Springs, Colo.,
As Made to the Comptroller of the Currency July 9, 1891

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.	
Loans and discounts		$512,816 89	Capital stock	$100,000
Bonds and warrants		36,374 69	Surplus and undivided profits	134 [illegible]
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		25,388 [illegible]	Circulation	20,0[illegible]
Premium on U. S. bonds		4,800 36	Deposits	6[illegible]
Real estate, furniture and fixtures		16,310 01		
Expenses and taxes paid		360 53		
Due from treasurer U. S. (5 per cent fund)		1,125 00		
Due from banks	$187918 10			
Cash	137,057 59	$324,975 69		
Total		$922,[illegible] 71	Total	$922,[illegible] 71

STATE OF COLORADO, County of El Paso, } ss
I, J. A. Hayes, cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. A. HAYES Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of July, 1891.
[SEAL] ABRAHAM SUTTON, Notary Public.
My commission expires August 19, 1891.
CORRECT—ATTEST:
LOUIS R. EHRICH,
R. F. CROWELL,
IRVING HOWBERT. } Directors.

MANITOU PARK!
The Hotel is now open. Coach meets the Suburban train leaving Colorado Springs at 10.05 every day.
[illegible]

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Rocky Mountain
STONES.
Snider's Jewelry and Novelty Store,
Manitou Ave., Opposite Fountain Clock,
Manitou - Colorado.
ESTABLISHED 1873.

El Paso County Bank,
CAPITAL PAID IN - $[illegible]
SURPLUS - - - [illegible]
Transacts a general banking business. Drafts drawn on the principal cities of the United States and Europe.
WM. S. JACKSON, Cashier.
J. H. BARLOW, Assistant Cashier.
[illegible]
W. S. JACKSON. G. H. WEIR. J. H. BARLOW.

MAITLAND COAL!
Lump and Nut.
Union Ice and Coal Co.
No. 28 W. Vermijo Ave.
Order books at Knapp's news stand, next door to the postoffice, and Hibbs' house a grocery, 109 North Tejon street.

PASTURAGE
At the old Hamilton Ranch, 10 miles north. Abundance of fine grass; good water, under owner's constant supervision.
C. D. BENNET,
P. O. Box 511.

G. A. BERRY,
Carriage Painting and
Carriage Trimming.
19 West Huerfano Street, Colorado Springs.

ARCHITECTS.
JOHNSON BROS.
Room 61, 4th Floor—Bank Building.

H. I. REID,
CITY ENGINEER AND COUNTY SURVEYOR.
Delos Durfee, Deputy.
Surveys made and estimates given on all kinds of surveying work.
Office at Court House at Colo Springs.

ANDERSON & WYNKOOP,
106 Pike's Peak Avenue.
Houses for Rent.

2 room House, Willamette avenue	$[illegible]
2 room House, Dale street	[illegible]
4 room House, Oak street	[illegible]
3 room House, Wahsatch avenue	[illegible]
3 room House, Cascade avenue	[illegible]
3 room House, Walnut street	[illegible]
4 room House, Mesa avenue	[illegible]
4 room House, Platte avenue	[illegible]
5 room House, Moreno avenue	[illegible]
5 room House, St. Vrain street	[illegible]
7 room House, Bijou street	[illegible]
8 room House, Weber street	[illegible]
5 room House, Knox street	[illegible]
6 room House, Walnut street	[illegible]
6 room House, Cache la Poudre street	[illegible]
8 room House, Willamette avenue	[illegible]
6 room House, Bijou Street	[illegible]
6 room House, Wahsatch avenue	[illegible]
7 room House, Tejon street	[illegible]
10 room House, Tejon street	[illegible]
10 room House, Nevada avenue	[illegible]
3 room furnished House, Wahsatch Street	[illegible]
4 room furnished House, Nevada Avenue	[illegible]
4 room furnished House, Boulder Street	[illegible]
6 room furnished House, Tejon Street	[illegible]
13 room furnished House, Tejon Street	[illegible]

SUMMIT
—OF—
PIKE'S PEAK!
Go and See the Sunrise.
Comfortable accommodations can be furnished for fifteen people over night to see the sunrise from Pike's Peak.
Good Clean Meals
SUMMIT HOUSE.

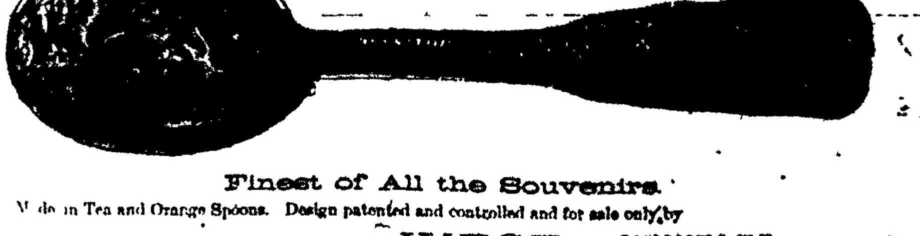
D. M. Holden, President. Geo. De La Vergne, Vice President. [illegible], Cashier.
The Exchange National Bank
CAPITAL, $100,000
DIRECTORS

F. E. Dow	D. Heron,
W. S. Nichols,	R. H. Field,
Geo. De La Vergne,	J. A. Himebaugh
N. O. Johnson,	Geo. H. Case
D. M. Holden	A. S. Holbrook.
A. L. Lawton,	

SINTON BROS' DAIRY
Fresh Milk, Cream,
Skim Milk and Buttermilk
Delivered daily in Colorado Springs, Colorado City and Manitou. Orders by postal card will receive prompt attention.

JOSEPH DOZIER,
AGENT FOR
WILLER'S PATENT BLINDS!
Window and Door Screens.
Turned Cedar Hitching Posts on Hand.
Contractor and Builder
South of court house on Nevada Ave.

THE MANITOU SPOON!



Finest of All the Souvenirs.
Made in Tea and Orange Spoons. Design patented and controlled and for sale only by
WEST, JEWELER,
Manitou, Colo.
BUY NO OTHER UNTIL YOU SEE IT.